R18 H.T No: Course Code: A30211



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

	(Electrical & Electro		
	Date: 05.12.2022 AN Time: 3 h		ks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable PART	-A	
	Answer all TEN quest Each question carrie		=20M
1.	What is the need of transposition of conductors?		2 M
2.	What is effect of ground on capacitance?		2 M
3.	What are the limitations and applications of nomina	l Π and give its applications?	2 M
4.	What are reflected and refracted waves, explain?		2 M
5.	Why rigorous solution method is required for long t	ransmission lines?	2 M
5.	Classify line insulators.		2 M
7.	Write a short notes on capacitance grading of line in	sulators.	2 M
3.	What are the main components of overhead lines?		2 M
).	What is the need for grading of cables and explain?		2 M
10.	Classify Under Ground cables.		2 M
	PART		
	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN	Marks. 5x10=	50M
11.A	.). i) Clearly explain what do you understand by GM	MR and GMD of a transmission line?	5M
	ii) Calculate the capacitance per phase of a the conductors are arranged in a horizontal plane we The conductors are transposed and each has a dis-	hree phase, three wire system, when the with spacing $D_{12}=D_{23}=3.5$ m, and $D_{13}=7$ m.	5M
	OR		
11. B	 i) What are ACSR conductors? Explain the adv for overhead lines. 	rantages of ACSR conductors when used	5M
	ii) Calculate the capacitance per phase of a three	phase three wire system by someidaning	

ii) Calculate the capacitance per phase of a three phase, three wire system by considering 5M earth effect, when the conductors are arranged in a horizontal plane with spacing of D_{12} = D_{23} =3.2m, and D_{31} =7m. The conductors are transposed and each has a diameter of

2.0cm. Assume the transmission line is 4m above the ground level.

12. A). i) Derive A,B,C and D constants of long line. 5M ii) A three-phase line delivers 3600kW at a power factor 0.8lagging to a load. If the 5M

receiving end voltage is 33kV, determine i) receiving end voltage ii) line current iii) transmission efficiency. The resistance and reactance of each conductor is 5.31Ω and 10 Ω respectively.

(P.T.O..)

12. B).	i) Explain in detail about wave length and velocity of propagation of a long transmission line.	5M
	ii) A 3-phase has a series impedance of $300 \angle 75^0$ ohms per phase and shunt admittance of $25 \times 10^{-4} \angle 90^0$ Siemens per phase. The voltage at the receiving end is 220kV but there is no load at receiving end. A load of 100MW at UPF is connected at the midpoint of the line. Using nominal- Π method, find sending end voltage.	5M
13. A).	 i) Explain about corona parameters of transmission lines. ii) A 132 kV line with 2cm diameter is built so that corona takes place if the line voltage is 220kV (r.m.s). If the value of potential gradient at which ionization occurs can be taken 	5M 5M
	as 30kV per cm (peak). Find the spacing between the conductors.	
	OR	
13. B).	i) Explain about factors effecting corona of transmission lines.	5M
	ii) Find the disruptive critical voltage and visual corona voltage (local corona as well as general corona) for a 3 phase 220kV line consisting of 22.26mm diameters conductors spaced in a 6 meters delta configuration. The following data can be considered. Temperature 25°C, Pressure 73cm of mercury, surface factor 0.84, irregularity factor for local corona is 0.72, irregularity factor for general corona is 0.82m.	5M
14. A).	i) Explain how sag is determined for an overhead line conductor taking into account the effects of wind and ice loading.	5M
	ii) Each of the three insulators forming a string has a self-capacitance of 'C' Farads. The shunting capacitance of the connecting metal work of each insulator is 0.3C to earth and 0.2C to the line. A guard ring increases the capacitance to the line of the metal work of the lowest insulator to 0.5C. Calculate the string efficiency of this arrangement with the guard	5M
	ring.	
	OR	
14. B).	i) Derive the expression for sag and tension when the supports are at unequal heights.	5M
	ii) A string of eight suspension discs is fitted with a grading ring. Each pin to earth capacitance is C. If the voltage distribution is uniform find the values of line to pin capacitances.	5M
15. A).	i) Derive the expression for capacitance of single cored belted cables.	<i>5</i>) <i>(</i>
	ii) Give the comparison between underground cables and overhead transmission lines on various factors?	5M 5M
	OR	
15. B).	i) A single core cable has a conductor diameter of 1cm and insulation thickness of 0.4cm. If the specific resistance of insulation is $5x10^{14}$ ohms-cm, calculate the insulation resistance for a 2km length of the cable.	5M
	ii) Derive the dielectric stress in a single core cable.	5M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations December-2022

Course Name: CONTROL SYSTEMS

(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)

Date: 07.12.2022 AN	Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
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(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

1.	Define open loop and closed loop control system.	2 M
2	Comments to the second	2 1.1

- 2. Compare block diagram and signal flow graph methods. 2 M
- 3. What do you mean by time response of a control system?
 4. What are type-0, type-1 and type-2 systems?
 2 M
- 5. How can you determine the relative stability of a system by using the Routh stability 2 M criterion?
- 6. What are the advantages of the root locus?
- 7. State the Nyquist stability criterion.
- 8. What is a lag compensator? When is it preferred?
- 9. Write the expression to find state transition matrix.

 2 M
- 10. When do we say that the system is completely state controllable?

PART-B

Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

11.A). Write the differential equations governing the Mechanical rotational system shown in fig.1. Find the transfer function $\frac{\theta_2(s)}{T(s)}$.

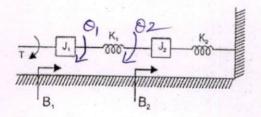


Fig.1

11. B). Find the transfer function for the block diagram shown in fig.2

10M

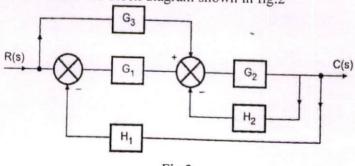


Fig.2

12. A). Derive the expression for time domain specification of a under damped second order system to a step input.

OR

- 12. B). For a unity feedback system whose open loop transfer function is $G(s) = \frac{50}{(1+0.1s)((1+2s))}$ determine the position, velocity & acceleration error Constants.
- 13. A). i) Summarize the necessary conditions to have all the roots of characteristics equation in the left half of s-plane?
 - ii) Examine the stability of the given characteristic equation using Routh's method $S^6 + 2S^5 + 8S^4 + 12S^3 + 20S^2 + 16S + 16 = 0$

OR

- 13. B). Construct the root locus for the control system whose open loop transfer function is given by $G(s) = \frac{K}{S(S+6)(S^2+4S+13)}$.
- 14. A). The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given 10M $G(s) = \frac{1}{S(1+S)(1+2S)}$. Sketch the polar plot and determine the gain margin and phase margin.

OR

- 14. B). Derive the expression for the transfer function of a lead compensator
- 15. A). i) Explain the concepts of state, state variables and state model.

 ii) Determine the state model of the system characterized by the differential equation $(S^4 + 8S^3 + 2S^2 + 4S + 3)Y(s) = 10U(s)$

OR

i) Summarize the properties of state transition matrix.
ii) Test the system represented by the following equations for state controllable and observable.

 $\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u, \ y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30212



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations December-2022
Course Name: POWER SYSTEM PROTECTION

D	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) ate: 09.12.2022 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Max	rks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2	2=20M
. 1	What is RRRV?	2 M
	What do you mean by current chopping?	2 M
. I	ist any two applications of differential relay.	2 M
. 1	Name the different kinds of over current relays.	2 M
. 1	What are the uses of Buchholz's relay?	2 M
V	What are the main types of stator winding faults?	2 M
V	Vhat is electrical Earthing?	2 M
. V	What are the different types of electrical Earthing?	2 M
. V	Vhat are switching over voltages?	2 M
0. V	hat are the chief causes of over voltages in electric power system?	2 M
	PART-B	2 141
Aı	nswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10	=50M
I.A).	i) What is resistance switching?	3M
	ii) Derive the expression for critical resistance.	7M
	OR	
. B).	Explain in detailed about Minimum Oil Circuit Breaker with neat diagrams.	10M
. A).	Explain the working principle of distance relays.	1014
	OR	10M
. B).	What are the various types of over current relays? Discuss their area of application.	10M
. A).	What type of a protective device is used for the protection of an alternator against overheating of its (i) stator (ii) rotor? Discuss them in briefly.	10M
	OR	
. B).	What is incipient fault? Explain how Buchholtz relay protects transformer form incipient faults with neat diagram.	10M
. A).	Discuss in detail the different methods of Neutral Grounding Schemes.	10M
	OR	TOIVI
B).	Explain the following:	
	i) Arcing Ground	5M
	ii) Grounding practices	5M
A).	Discuss in detail about the protective measures to be taken against lightning over voltages.	
	OR	10M
B).	Describe the phenomenon of lightning.	10M
		IUIVI

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30210



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations December-2022

	Course Name: POWE Date: 12.12.2022 AN	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) Time: 3 hours Max.Marl	ks: 70
		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	
		PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
		T 1	=20M
1.	Write one example of w		
	semiconductor device.	nidirectional uncontrolled device and one voltage controlled power	2 M
2.	What are the advantages	of Power IGBT?	2 M
3.	Define firing angle and e	xtinction angle.	2 M
4.	What do you mean by ph	ase angle control?	2 M
5.	What are the control strat	egies adopted in Choppers?	2 M
6.	What is Duty cycle?		2 M
7.	Define pulse width modu	lation.	2 M
8.	Write the various advanta	ages of the PWM techniques.	2 M
9.	Draw the symbol of Tria	c.	2 M
10.	What is cyclo converter?		2 M
	A	PART-B	
-	Answer the following. Ea	ch question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	50M
11.A). Explain the switching	characteristics of SCR with necessary waveforms.	10M
		OR	TOIVI
11. B). Analyze the switching	characteristics of Power MOSFET with necessary diagrams.	10M
12. A). Explain the operation	of a single phase fully controlled converter feeding an resistive and	10M
	inductive load (RL) w		
12. B) Evamina the single -h	OR	
12. D). Examine the single ph	ase dual converter with necessary conditions and diagrams.	10M
13. A). Examine the operation	of a Boost Chopper circuit with neat waveforms.	10M
		OR	TOIVI
13. B). Explain the four-quad	rant operation of chopper.	10M
14. A). Explain PWM techniq	ues in details	
		OR	10M
14. B)	. Infer the operation of	three phase inverter operating with 120° mode conduction. Plot the	101.
	necessary phase and in	ne voltages.	10M
15. A)	 Explain single phase operation. 	AC Voltage controller with resistive (R) load and explain its	10M
		OR	
15. B)	. Illustrate the operation step-up the output freq	of a single phase to single phase midpoint type cyclo converter to	10M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

n	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) Date: 14.12.2022 AN Time: 3 hours	
<u>D</u>	Date: 14.12.2022 AN Time: 3 hours (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	Max.Marks: 70
	PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
. 1	List out the applications of AC potentiometers.	2 N
2. 1	Write the procedure of standardization in measurements.	2 M
. 1	What are the advantages of Carey Foster's bridge?	2 M
. 1	What are the disadvantages of Kelvin's double bridge?	2 M
. \	Write the applications of Anderson's bridge.	2 M
. (Compare Wien's and Schering bridges.	2 M
. \	What is the working principle of flux meter?	2 M
. 1	What is the area of hysteresis loop in magnetic specimen indicates?	2 M
	Explain the function of digital multimeter.	2 M
0. L	List the applications of True RMS meters.	2 M
		Z 1V
		2 10
A	PART-B	
A	PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers	
	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter	5x10=50M
	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers	5x10=50M
	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter	5x10=50M
<u>A</u> 11.A).	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter ii) Measurement of power OR During the measurement of a low resistance using a potentiometer the were obtained:	5x10=50M 5M 5M
11.A).	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter ii) Measurement of power OR During the measurement of a low resistance using a potentiometer the were obtained: Voltage drop across the low resistance under test = 0.4221 V,	5x10=50M 5M 5M
11.A).	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter ii) Measurement of power OR During the measurement of a low resistance using a potentiometer the were obtained: Voltage drop across the low resistance under test = 0.4221 V, Voltage drop across a 0.1 ohm standard resistance = 1.0235 V.	5M 5M 5M following readings 10M
11.A).	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter ii) Measurement of power OR During the measurement of a low resistance using a potentiometer the were obtained: Voltage drop across the low resistance under test = 0.4221 V,	5M 5M 5M following readings 10M
11.A).	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter ii) Measurement of power OR During the measurement of a low resistance using a potentiometer the were obtained: Voltage drop across the low resistance under test = 0.4221 V, Voltage drop across a 0.1 ohm standard resistance = 1.0235 V. Calculate the value of unknown resistance, current and the power lost i	5M 5M 5M following readings 10M n it.
1.A).	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter ii) Measurement of power OR During the measurement of a low resistance using a potentiometer the were obtained: Voltage drop across the low resistance under test = 0.4221 V, Voltage drop across a 0.1 ohm standard resistance = 1.0235 V. Calculate the value of unknown resistance, current and the power lost is detail.	5M 5M 5M following readings 10M n it.
1.A).	Explain about the following applications of D.C. potentiometers i) Calibration of ammeter ii) Measurement of power OR During the measurement of a low resistance using a potentiometer the were obtained: Voltage drop across the low resistance under test = 0.4221 V, Voltage drop across a 0.1 ohm standard resistance = 1.0235 V. Calculate the value of unknown resistance, current and the power lost is List out the examples of measurement of high resistance. Explain a detail.	5M 5M 5M 5M following readings 10M n it. ny two methods in 10M

13. A).	The arms of a four arm bridge abcd, supplied with sinusoidal voltage, have the following values:	10M
	Arm ab : A resistance of 200Ω in parallel with a capacitance of $1\mu F$. Arm bc : 400Ω resistance.	
	Arm cd: 1000Ω resistance.	
	Arm da: A resistance R2 in series with a 2μF capacitance.	
	Determine the value of R2 and the frequency at which the bridge will balance.	
	OR	
13. B).	Explain and draw the phase diagram of Schering Bridge.	10M
14. A).	Sketch the neat diagram and explain the construction and working principles of ballistic galvanometer.	10M
	OR	
14. B).	 i) Explain the following methods to measure iron losses in magnetic materials a) Bridge method 	4M
	b) Potentiometer method ii) Explain the determination of BHI to a few days and the determination of BHI to a few days are a few days and the determination of BHI to a few days are a few days and the determination of BHI to a few days are a few d	
	ii) Explain the determination of BH loop of reversals six point method.	6M
15. A).	Explain the construction and working principle of digital storage oscilloscope.	10) (
		10M
15 D)	OR	
15. B).	Explain the construction of clamp on meter with neat diagram.	10M

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30233

CMR

CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech V Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations December-2022

Course Name: ELECTRIC SMART GRID TECHNOLOGIES

Dat	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) re: 16.12.2022 AN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	10.0.000
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
. W	hat is smart grid?	2 N
2. W	hat are the key features of the smart grid?	2 N
. W	rite the necessity of renewable energy in smart grid.	2 N
. W	rite short on smart meter and its features.	2 N
. W	hat is hybrid electric vehicle?	2 N
. W	rite any two barriers of implementation of smart grid.	2 N
7. W	hat is load flow?	2 N
8. W	hat are the challenges in load flow studies?	2 N
. Lis	st any two functions of wide area measurement system (WAMS).	2 N
0. W	hat is power line communication?	2 N
	PART-B	
An	swer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	Distinguish between conventional grid and smart grid.	101
	OR	
11. B).	i) Describe the desirable features and characteristics of an ideal smart grid.	5N
	ii) Distinguish between the resilience grid and self healing grid.	5N
2. A).	i) Explain functions of smart grid components	5N
	ii) Discuss the challenges of renewable integration in smart grid technologies	5N
	OR	
2. B).	Discuss the transmission automation technology for smart grid.	101
3. A).	i) Illustrate the operation of plug in hybrid electric vehicles.	51
,.	ii) Discuss the operation of super capacitors in distribution energy technologies.	5N
	OR	31
3. B).	i) Discuss various types of batteries in distribution energy technologies.	5N
		ologies. 5N

(P.T.O..)

14. A).	i) Illustrate the load flow studies in smart grid technologies	5M
	ii) Discuss the challenges to load flow in smart grid.	5M
	OR	
14. B).	Describe DSOPF load flow algorithms for smart grid design.	10M
15. A).	What is phasor measurement unit? Explain its features and applications of PMU in power system.	10M
	OR	
15. B).	Discuss the operation of wide area measuring system for smart grid with necessary diagram.	10M

R18 H.T No: Course Code: A30232



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

	B.Tech V Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations December-2022 Course Name: ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTS	
	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)	
1	Date: 16.12.2022 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Mark	s: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=	
1.	How can you extend the range of an ammeter?	2 M
2.	Calculate the value of the multiplier resistance on the 100 V range of a DC voltmeter that uses a 100-mA meter movement with an internal resistance of 100Ω .	2 M
3.	Write Ratio and phase angle errors in potential transformers.	2 M
4.	Mention the types of Power factor meters and frequency meters.	2 M
5.	Draw the circuit diagram for measurement of three phase reactive power.	2 M
	Draw the circuit diagram for measurement of three phase active power by using three-watt meter method.	2 M
	Why lag adjustment is provided in induction type single phase energy meter?	2 M
8.	What is meant by creeping in an energy meters?	2 M
	Classify the Transducers.	2 M
10.	What are the main characteristics the transducers?	2 M
11.A)	instrument. Derive the expression for deflection of PMMC.	50M 10M
11 0	OR	
11. B)	 Analyze the working of attraction type and repulsion type of moving iron instrument with the help of neat diagrams. 	10M
12. A)	 Draw the phasor diagram of a current transformer. Derive the expressions for ratio and phase angle errors. 	10M
	OR	
12. B)	in the special requests with fical sketch.	10M
13. A)	Analyze the Measurement of three phase power by using Two-watt meter method with neat sketch & also derive the expression for power factor angle in terms of two wattmeter readings.	10M
	OR	
13. B)	. Explain the construction and working principle of a single-phase dynamometer type wattmeter, what are the errors present in it.	10M

14. A).	Analyze the construction and theory of a single-phase induction type energy meter. Show that number of revolutions in time t is proportional to energy supplied.	10N
	OR	
14. B).	i) If an energy meter makes 5 revolutions in 100 seconds, when a load of 225W is connected. Find the meter constant.	4M
	ii) Discuss about the errors and compensation in single phase energy meter.	6M
15. A).	i) What is an LVDT? Explain its working principle with necessary diagrams and characteristics.	5M
	ii) Describe with suitable diagrams the working principle of strain gauges.	5M
	OR	Sivi
15. B).	i) Explain the working principle of Thermisters, mention advantages and applications of them.	5M
	ii) Describe the principles of operation of capacitive transducers and mention their applications.	5M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations December-2022

D	(Common for EEE, MECH & ECE) ate: 19.12.2022 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Mark	s: 70		
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A			
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)			
	Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=	=20M		
1.	What is E-R Model?	2 M		
2.	Write the advantages of DBMS.	2 M		
3.	Write the SQL command to create an index.	2 M		
4.	Write about any 6 SQL data types.	2 M		
.5. V	Write a query to display average salary of Employee using aggregate functions.	2 M		
6. N	Write a query to display employee details from Employee table where salary greater than Rs 0,000 and less than RS 90,000.	2 M		
	cist any two PL/SQL Exceptions	2 M		
	What will you get by the cursor attribute SQL%ROWCOUNT?	2 M		
	What is the purpose of normalization?			
10. V	What is Update Anomaly?	2 M		
11.A).	Compare File based systems with database management system. 5x10=	10N		
	OR			
11. B).	Explain in detail about set operations, grouping, aggregation operations.	10N		
12. A).	Write suitable examples for creating Primary Key, Foreign Key, Not Null, Unique, Check constraints.	10M		
	OR			
12. B).	Write in detail about Views and Indexes.	10N		
13. A).	List and explain with suitable examples SQL Comparison Operators. OR	10M		
13. B).	Explain with suitable examples Group BY and Having Clause.	10M		
14. A).	Explain with suitable examples Packages in PL/SQL.	10M		
	OR			
14. B).	Discuss in detail about Control Statements in PL/SQL.	10M		
15. A).	Explain in detail second Normal Form with suitable examples. List few disadvantages of Normalization.	10M		
	OR			
15. B).	Explain Insert, delete, update anomalies.	10M		



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations December-2022
Course Name: BASICS OF INSURANCE & TAXATION

	Course Name: BASICS OF INSURANCE & TAXATION (Common for EEE, ECE, CSE, IT & CSM)	
	Date: 19.12.2022 AN Time: 3 hours Max	.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	OA BE
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	What are different personal general insurance products?	2 M
	Discuss pensions and annuities.	2 M
	Examine claim management.	2 M
4.	What is third party administration?	2 M
5.	Outline direct and indirect taxes.	2 M
6.	Distinguish between tax planning and tax evasion.	2 M
7.	What is income exempt u/s 10 of the I.T. Act?	2 M
8.	What are permissible deductions under chapter VI of I.T?	2 M
	Define advance payment of tax.	2 M
10.	What is tax collection at source?	2 M
		2 141
Δ	PART-B	
-	answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	. Explain the principles of life insurance.	10M
	OR	
11. B)	resident personal general insurance products.	10M
12. A)	. Examine legal framework of claim management as well claim settlement.	10M
	OR	
12. B)	. Summarize re-insurance in life insurance, retention limits and methods of re-insurance	e. 10M
13. A)	. Discuss tax structure and its role in Indian economy.	10M
	OR	TUIVI
13. B).	Appraise fundamental principles of income tax and concepts.	10M
14. A).	Examine income from business, income from house property and income from cources.	ther 10M
	OR	
14. B).	What is income act? Explain exemptions and deductions under the income tax act.	10M
15. A).	Interpret computation of income in individuals with types of assessment.	10M
16.50	OR	
15. B).	Examine filing of return, e-filling and advance payment of tax.	10M

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A36635



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

C	B.Tech (Course Name:)	(Minors in A) FOUNDATI	(&ML) V Se ONS OF A	emester Regu RTIFICIAL	lar Examinations Dec INTELLIGENCE	cember-2022			
	ate: 19.12.2022	(Common f	or CIVIL,	EEE, MEC	CH, ECE, IT & CS	SC)			
<u> </u>	ate: 19.12.2022			ime: 3 hours	10	Max.Mark	ks: 70		
		(1)	ote: Assume	PART-A	if necessary)				
		Ar	swer all TE		Compulsory)				
	Each question carries TWO marks.								
1. 1	Define Artificial Intelligence.								
2. 1	Label the syntax	for predicate	ogic.				2 M 2 M		
3. 1	Name the three types of classification problems in machine learning.								
	Compare supervised learning and unsupervised learning.								
5. I	How to choose step size adaptively in Gradient descent method?								
	Suggest a real time example for linear regression.								
	Show the cost fur						2 M		
	Can we use logis						2 M		
	ist out the appli						2 M		
	Mention the task						2 M		
				PART-B			2 111		
<u>A</u>	nswer the follow	ving. Each qu	estion carri		is.	5x10=	50M		
11.A).	Compare the	nuo o o duna l la	1_1			- Trey			
11.A).	Compare the	procedural kn	owledge with		nowledge.		10M		
11 D)	List out and a	1		OR					
11. B).	List out and e	xplain any fiv	e mostly use	d artificial inte	elligence techniques.		10M		
12. A).	Analyze the re	ole of matrix t	heory and sta	atistics for ma	chine learning.		10M		
			F 19,000 75	OR			TOIVI		
12. B).	Interpret the id	dea of machin	es learning fi	rom data with	examples.		10M		
							TOIVI		
13. A).	A). Find the linear regression equation for the following set of data								
	X	2	4	6	8		10M		
	Y	3	7	5	10				
		Dan Miner		OR					
13. B).	Demonstrate t	Demonstrate the functionality of Gradient descent method for linear regression.							
14. A).									
	OR								
14. B).	Define classification. Illustrate the usage of logistic regression for performing classification.								
15. A).	Show and inte	rpret the how	can we class	ify the Cluster	ing algorithm.		1014		
				OR	- Borrowni		10M		
15. B).	Inspect the im	plementation	of agglomera		cal clustering.		10M		