CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Strength of Materials-I

(Civil Engineering)

Date: 15.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

- 1. What is the relationship between three elastic constants (E, G & K)? 2 M
- 2. Illustrate stress-strain curve for Mild steel specimen indicating its salient features 2 M
- 3. Define point of Contraflexure (POC)? How many POC are there for a cantilever beam 2 M subjected to UDL?
- Draw the Shear force and bending moment for a cantilever of a length 'L' carrying a point 4. 2 M load 'W' at the free end.
- 5. What are the assumptions made in simple theory of bending? 2 M
- 6. Recall the Shear stress Formulae for beams. 2 M
- 7. Inference the limitations of Macaulay's method 2 M
- 8. Distinguish between conjugate beam and real beam 2 M
- 9. Rephrase Mohr's circle of stresses 2 M
- What is the state of pure shear? Represent it graphically. 2 M

PART-B

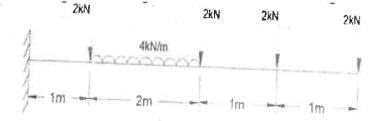
Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

10M

11.A). A bar of 30 mm diameter is subjected to a pull of 60 KN. The measured extension on a 10M gauge length of 200 mm is 0.09 mm and the change in diameter is 0.0039 mm. Determine i) Poisson's ratio ii) Modulus of Elasticity iii) Modulus of Rigidity iv) Bulk Modulus.

- 11. B). A load of 100N falls to a height of 2cm collar rigidly attached to the lower end of the 10M vertical rod 1.5m long and of 1.5 cm² cross-sectional area. The upper end of the vertical bar is fixed. Determine i) stress ii) Elongation iii) strain energy stored in the vertical rod. Take $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$.
- 12. A). Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams for a beam as shown in figure.



OR

12. B). A simply supported beam of span 10 m carry as UDL of 10 KN/m over a length of 3 m 10M from left support and also from right support. Draw SF and BM diagram.

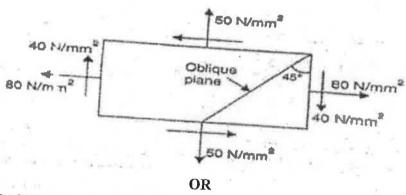
- 13. A). A cast iron beam is of I-section with the following dimensions top flange 80mm x 20mm, web 20mm x 200mm, and bottom flange 160mm x 20mm. it is simply supported on a span of 5 meters. If the tensile stress is not to exceed 20N/mm². Estimate the safe uniform load beam can carry. Find also maximum compressive stress.
- 10M

OR

- 13. B). A beam of rectangular cross-section 200 mm x 300 mm is subjected to a shear force of 20 kN. Determine the average shear stress and man shear stress. Also, draw the shear stress distribution diagram.
- 14. A). A cantilever of length 2m carries a point load of 20kN at the free end and another load 20kN at its center. If E=10⁵N/mm² and I=10⁸mm⁴. Determine the slope and deflection at the free end.

OR

- 14. B). Derive the equation for slope and deflection of a simply supported beam carrying a point load at the centre of the beam. With near sketches.
- 15. A). A point in a strained material is subjected to stresses as shown in figure below. Using Mohr's circle method, determine the normal, tangential and resultant stresses across the oblique plane.



15. B). Explain i) Maximum principal stress theory ii) Maximum strain energy theory

10M

H.T No: **R18** Course Code: A30102



5.

CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Fluid Mechanics

Compare notch and weir.

(Civil Engineering)

	Date: 18.07.2024 AN	Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
	A	Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A nswer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	Outline the concept of Pascal	's law.	2 M
2.	List various types of manome	ters.	2 M
3.	Define flow net and draw flow	v net.	2 M
4.	Classify various types of flow	*	2 M

6.	What are the limitations of Bernoulli's equation.	2 M
7.	Define boundary layer with a sketch.	2 M

8. Interpret the concept of drag and lift forces. 2 M 9. Define compound pipe and write its equation. 2 M

10. Explain the characteristics of turbulent flow. 2 M

PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

11.A).	i) Find the total pressure and centre of pressure on an isosceles triangular plate of base 4 m and altitude 4 m when it is immersed vertically in an oil of specific gravity 0.9. The	5M
	base of the plate coincides with the free surface of oil.	
	ii) Explain Bulk Modulus, compressibility and vapor pressure	5M

ii) Explain Bulk Modulus, compressibility and vapor pressure.

OR

i) What is the statement of Pascal's law and derive it?

ii) A vertical cylinder of diameter 180mm rotates concentrically inside another cylinder of diameter 181.2mm. Both the cylinders are of 300mm height. The space between the cylinders is filled with a liquid whose viscosity is unknown. Find the viscosity of the fluid if torque of 20N-m is required to rotate the inner cylinder at 120rpm.

5M i) Explain law of conservation of mass and derive its associated equation in 3-D flow. 12. A). ii) Determine the velocity potential function when the stream function for a two-5M dimensional flow is given by Ψ = 2xy, also calculate the velocity at the point P(2, 3).

12. B). Define stream line and potential line and show that they are perpendicular to each other. 10M

i) What is Venturi-meter and derive the equation of discharge for horizontal Venturi-13. A). 5M meter.

ii). A 450 reducing bend is connected in a pipe line, the diameters at the inlet and outlet of the bend being 600mm and 300mm respectively. Estimate the force exerted by water on the bend if the intensity of pressure at inlet to bend is 8.829 N/cm² and rate of flow of water is 600 liters/sec.

(P.T.O..)

2 M

5x10=50M

5M 5M

5M

10M 13. B). Develop an equation of discharge through triangular notch. 14. A). i) Explain the separation of boundary layer with a neat sketch. 5M ii) Analyze displacement thickness and momentum thickness when velocity distribution 5M is given by $u / U = (2 y / \delta) - (y^2 / \delta^2)$. OR 5M 14. B). i) List various characteristics of boundary layer over a flat plate. 5M ii) Analyze the friction drag on a plate 15cm wide and 45cm long placed longitudinally in a stream of oil (specific gravity = 0.925 and kinematic viscosity of 0.9 stokes) flowing with a free stream velocity of 6m/s. Also analyze the thickness of the boundary layer and shear stress at the trailing edge. 5M i) Explain sudden contraction entry loss and exit losses of pipe concepts with diagrams. 5M ii) Two pipes of diameter 50mm and 100mm each 100m long are connected in parallel between two reservoirs, which have a difference of water level of 10m. If the coefficient of friction of each pipe is 0.008, Estimate the rate of flow for each pipe and also the diameter of a single pipe 100m long to convey the same total discharge in place of two pipes laid in parallel. Ignore minor losses. OR i). Develop the relation between maximum and mean velocity when laminar flow takes 5M 15. B). place in a horizontal circular pipe. ii). Estimate the loss of head and power due to sudden enlargement of the horizontal pipe 5M carrying water from a diameter of 240mm to 490mm. The flow is 0.4m³/s and pressure in smaller pipe is 145kN/m². What is the pressure in larger pipe.



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Surveying & Geomatics

(Civil Engineering)

Date: 20.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=20M

1.	Define Surveying.	2 M
2.	Define Bearing	2 M
3.	What is meant by Bench mark?	2 M
4.	Define Contour.	2 M
5.	What are the different methods to determine the field area?	2 M
6.	Draw a Two level section for cutting.	2 M
7.	What is the difference between transit and non-transit?	2 M
8.	Define Traversing.	2 M
9.	What is the difference between tacheometer and theodolite?	2 M

PART-B

Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

2 M

10M

11.A). Explain briefly about Principles of surveying.

10. What is a simple curve?

OR

11. B). Determine the value of included angles in a closed compass traverse ABCD conducted in clockwise direction, given the following fore bearings of the respective lines.

Line	F.B.
AB	400
BC	70°
CD	210°
DA	280°

12. A). The following consecutive readings were taken with a level and 4.0m staff on a continuously sloping ground at a common interval of 30m: 0.780, 1.535, 1.955, 2.430, 2.985, 3.480, 1.155, 1.960, 2.365, 3.640, 0.935, 1.045, 1.630 and 2.545.

The reduced level of the first point A was 180.750m. Calculate the reduced levels of the points by the collimation system.

OR

12. B). Explain the characteristics of the contours with sketches.

10M

13. A). Derive Mid- ordinate and Trapezoidal rule for finding the area from the offsets.

10M

13. B).	A railway embankment is 12m wide. The ground is level in a direction transverse to the centre line. Calculate the volume contained in a 100m length by trapezoidal rule and prismoidal rule, if the side slope is 1.5:1. The centre heights at 20m interval are 3.7m, 2.6m, 4.0m, 3.4m, 2.8m, 3.0m and 2.2m.	10M
14. A).	Explain briefly about temporary and permanent adjustments of a theodolite. OR	10M
14. B).	Discuss briefly about Electronic theodolite.	10M
15. A).	What are the methods employed in tacheometric survey? Explain the method most commonly used.	10M
	OR	
15 B).	What are the types of curves? Explain the Elements of a simple curve.	10M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Engineering Materials & Geology

T.	(Civil Engineering)	K M 1 - 50
<u>Da</u>		Max.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1. Ex	xplain the process of blasting rocks.	2 M
2. W	rite the importance of civil engineering.	2 M
a)	xtend a short notes on the following. Muscovite Scale of Hardness Calcite	2 M
4. W	rite any two names of the sedimentary rocks.	2 M
5. Id	entify different parts of faults with a neat sketch.	2 M
6. Ill	lustrate Hydrological Cycle.	2 M
7. Ex	xplain the effects of earthquakes.	2 M
8. III	lustrate dam and reservoir with suitable diagram?	2 M
9. D	efine over break and Lining in tunneling.	2 M
10. Id	entify various types of tunnels.	2 M
	PART-B	
An	swer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	Explain the failures of Civil engineering constructions in the past due to g drawbacks.	eological 10M
	OR	
11. B).	Explain briefly classification of bricks.	10M
12. A).	i) Explain the merits and demerits of various methods of mineral identification.ii) Illustrate the structure of silicates with neat sketches.	5M 5M
	OR	
12. B).	Summarize short notes on the following: i) Lava and Magma ii) Sills and dykes iii) Plutonic and volcanic rocks.	10M
13. A).	Develop short notes on the following: i) Folds ii) Faults iii) Unconformities iv) Joints	10M
	OR	
13. B).	Explain the classification of geophysical method.	10M
14. A).	Choose and explain the different geological considerations in the selection of a da	nm site. 10M (P.T.O. .)

14. B). Identify various types of dams and bearing of geology of site in their selection.
10M
15. A). Summarize short note on:

(i) Tunnels in faulted strata
(ii) Tunnels in folded strata
(iii) Over break

OR
15. B). Explain the role of Geological considerations for the construction of tunnels in detail.
10M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering

(Common for CE & ME)

Date: 25.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70 (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

2 M 1. List out the applications of network theorems. Define Ohm's law. 2 M 2.

2 M 3. What is the principle of DC motor?

2 M 4. List out the applications of DC machines.

5. What is the principle of transformer? 2 M

2 M List out the applications of induction motor. 6.

7. Explain about forward biasing of a diode. 2 M

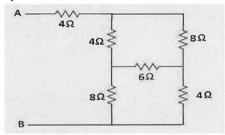
2 M 8. Draw the VI characteristics of a diode. 2 M 9. Explain about sensitivity in CRO.

2 M What is the importance of CRO?

PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

10M Obtain the equivalent resistance between the terminals AB in the figure shown below. 11.A).



OR

10M State and explain maximum power transfer theorem. 10M Elaborate the Operation of DC generator and derive its emf equation.

OR

12. B). Derive the torque equation of DC motor. 10M

Derive the emf equation of a transformer. 13. A).

10M

OR

Elaborate the calculation of regulation by synchronous impedance method in an 10M 13. B). alternator.

14. A). Discuss full wave rectifier operation with a neat diagram.

10M

OR

Explain the SCR characteristics with neat diagram. 14. B).

10M

15. A). Explain principle of operation of cathode ray oscilloscope with neat sketch. 10M

OR

Explain any two measurements of CRO in detail.

10M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

,	B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024 Course Name: Building Construction, Planning and Drawing	
•	(Civil Engineering)	
Ţ	Date: 31.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max	.Marks: 70
=	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	What is meant by dressing of stones?	2 M
2.	Define the term tempering of bricks.	2 M
3.	Enumerate the characteristics of good paint.	2 M
4.	Explain the term shallow foundation.	2 M
5.	Define a residential building.	2 M
6.	What are the considerations to ensure proper ventilation in a house?	2 M
7.	What are the minimum standards for various rooms in a residential building?	2 M
8.	List the objectives of building byelaws.	2 M
9.	Define the terms: Rise and Thread of a stair.	2 M
10.	Classify different types of roof trusses.	2 M
<u> </u>	PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
1-	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M 5M
11.A	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. i) Explain in detail the causes of decay of wood and their preservation methods. ii) Describe the characteristics of a good building stone. State the uses of ston building material.	5M
1-	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. i) Explain in detail the causes of decay of wood and their preservation methods. ii) Describe the characteristics of a good building stone. State the uses of ston building material. OR	5M e as a 5M
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11.A 11. E	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. i) Explain in detail the causes of decay of wood and their preservation methods. ii) Describe the characteristics of a good building stone. State the uses of ston building material. OR B). Draw a neat sketch of Flemish bond of one and half wall thickness up to two conditions.	5M e as a 5M ourses. 10M
11.A	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. i) Explain in detail the causes of decay of wood and their preservation methods. ii) Describe the characteristics of a good building stone. State the uses of ston building material. OR B). Draw a neat sketch of Flemish bond of one and half wall thickness up to two conditions.	5M e as a 5M ourses. 10M
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11.A 11. E 12. A	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. i) Explain in detail the causes of decay of wood and their preservation methods. ii) Describe the characteristics of a good building stone. State the uses of ston building material. OR 3). Draw a neat sketch of Flemish bond of one and half wall thickness up to two concave Plan, Elevation and section. A). i) Define Paint. What are the various functions of paint? ii) Elaborate in detail the various constituents of paint OR Classify the various types of shallow foundations. Explain in detail Raft footing wis sketch.	5M e as a 5M ourses. 10M 5M 5M
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11. A 11. E 12. A	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. i) Explain in detail the causes of decay of wood and their preservation methods. ii) Describe the characteristics of a good building stone. State the uses of ston building material. OR 3). Draw a neat sketch of Flemish bond of one and half wall thickness up to two concentrations. The properties of paint and section. A). i) Define Paint. What are the various functions of paint? ii) Elaborate in detail the various constituents of paint OR 3). Classify the various types of shallow foundations. Explain in detail Raft footing with sketch. A). Explain the building byelaws with reference to i) Open Space requirements	5M se as a 5M sourses. 10M 5M 5M 5M

13. B). An isolated footing is to be provided for a column of section 400 mm x 400 mm. The following details are given:

Height of the column =3m

Main reinforcement in column = 4 Nos. 16 mm diameter.

Transverse reinforcement = 6 mm at 220 mm c/c

Plan size of footing = $2.7 \text{ m} \times 2.7 \text{ m}$

Depth of footing at column face = 500 mm

Depth of footing at edge = 150 mm

Depth of foundation = 1000 mm

Footing reinforcement = a mesh of 20 mm diameter steel at 200 mm c/c.

Grade of concrete= M20

Grade of steel = Fe 415

Draw to a suitable scale the following:

i) Plan ii) Sectional Elevation.

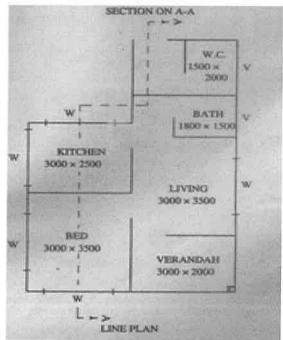
14. A). Explain in detail the characteristics of various types of residential buildings.

10M

10M

OR

14. B). Draw the Elevation of a residential building from the given line diagram. Assume suitable data wherever required.



15. A). A dog legged stair case has to be provided for a public building with the staircase room size 2.6 m x 5.4 m (internal). The following details are given:

Vertical distance between the floors = 3.6 m

Waist slab thickness=160mm

Wall thickness = 230

Main reinforcement= 12mm dia @ 120 mm c/c

Distribution steel = 8 mm dia @ 150 mm c/c

Grade of concrete used =M20

Grade of steel used =Fe415

Draw to a suitable scale the following

i) Plan of staircase ii) Sectional elevation of first flight.

OR

15. B). Distinguish between king post and queen post also draw with neat sketch (Assume scale relevant data).

	Col	RETOINVENT		(UGC A ster Supplem Iethods & ((Common	UTONOMOU entary Exam	JS) inations July/ ariables	NOLOG` 'August-202	
	_		(No	te: Assume s	uitable data i	f necessary)		
3				swer all TEN	PART-A questions (C carries TWO			10x2=20M
1	Sta	ate Change of S	Scale Property	in Laplace tra	nsform.			2 M
2.	Fir	and $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s^2+2s+3}\right\}$	-}					2 M
3.		$f(x) = x^3 - x$,,	Bisection met	hod find the fi	rst approxima	tion.	2 M
4.		$\text{ove } E^{1/2} = \mu +$				FF	2	2 M
5.		=2x-y, y(2	Digard's math	ad find First o	nrovimation		2 M
	un			ricard Silledin	ou miu rnsi a _l	opioximation.		2 M
6. 7.		rmula for Trap rite C-R equati		rm				2 M
8.		$u(x,y) = x^2 -$						2 M
9.		u(x,y) = x ylor's series of	•					2 M
10.		ate Maximum -						2 M
					PART-B			# 40 #03#
	Ans	swer the follow	ving. Each qu	estion carries	TEN Marks			5x10=50M
11.4	A).	i) Find $L\left\{\int_0^t \frac{e^{-t}}{t}\right\}$	tsint)					5M
			t). D.E using L.T	method (D ²	± 3D ± 2)γ -	- e ^{-t} .		5M
		ii) Solve the I	J.D using D.T		0, x'(0) = 1			
				(-)	OR			
11.	В).	Using Convol	lution theorem	, Evaluate L^{-1}	$\left\{ \frac{s^2}{(s^2+9)(s^2+4)} \right\}$			10M
12.	A).	Find the root to five decima		on $x \log_{10} x =$	1.2 using New	wton-Raphson	method. C	orrect up 10M
12.	B).	i) Find the Int	erpolating poly	ynomial $f(x)$				5M
	-	X	0	1	4	5	5 to 2	
		f(x)	4	3	24	39		
		ii) Find f(2	S) using Newto	on's formula f	from the table		F	5M

4

256

5

625

ii) Find f(2.5) using Newton's formula from the table

1

1

2

16

3

81

0

0

у

- 13. A). i) Using Simpson's $3/8^{th}$ rule, Evaluate $\int_0^6 \frac{dx}{1+x^2}$.

 ii) Using R-K method of order 4, compute y(2.5) for the equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x+y}{x}$, y(2) = 2, taking h = 0.5
- 13. B). Given $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y-x}{y+x}$, y(0) = 1. Compute y(0.8) in steps of 0.02 using Modified Euler's 10M method.
- 14. A). Show that the function $u(x,y) = e^{x^2-y^2}\cos 2xy$ is harmonic. Construct the 10M corresponding analytic function f(z) = u + iv interms of z.

14. B). i) Determine 'p' such that the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{2} log(x^2 + y^2) + itan^{-1} \left(\frac{px}{y}\right)$, be an 5M

analytic function.

ii) Find all the values of z which satisfy sinz = 2

15. A). i) Evaluate $\int (2y + x^2)dx + (3x - y)dy$ along the parabola x = 2t, $y = t^2 + 3$ 5M joining from (0,3) &(2,4).

ii) Expand $f(z) = \frac{z-1}{z^2}$ in a Taylor's series about in powers of (z-1).

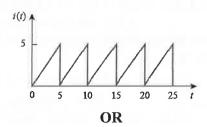
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15. B). Find the Laurent expansion of $f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 - 4z + 3}$ in the range 1 < |z| < 3.

R18 H.T No: Course Code: A30201 CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS) B. Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024 Course Name: Network Theory-I (Electrical & Electronics Engineering) Date: 18.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70 (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) **PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)** Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2 = 20M2 M 1. Show equivalent current source using source transformation. 25 V 2 M 2. Explain voltage division principle. 3. What is meant by phase difference? 2 M 4. illustrate Power triangle. 2 M 5. Write the relation between Band width, quality factor and resonant frequency. 2 M 6. Outline the formula for equivalent inductance, when the two coils are connected in series 2 M magnetically. 2 M 7. Define twig & link. 8. What is meant by Co-Tree? 2 M 9. Interpret maximum power transfer theorem. 2 M 10. Explain millman's theorem. 2 M **PART-B** Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=50M10M 11.A). Apply mesh analysis to determine mesh currents. 8Ω OR Simplify equivalent resistance across the terminals A & B. 11. B). 10M 3Ω

 9Ω

12. A). Determine the rms value, average value, form factor and peak factor of the current waveform shown in Fig.



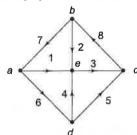
- 12. B). The voltage across a load is $v(t) = 60 \cos(\omega t 10^0)$ V and the current through the element in the direction of the voltage drop is $i(t) = 1.5 \cos(\omega t + 50^0)$ A. Determine a) the complex power and apparent powers b) real and reactive powers c) the power factor and the load impedance d) resistance and reactance values.
- 13. A). Define i) self-inductance ii) mutual inductance iii) coefficient of coupling. And Develop the Expression for coefficient coupling between pair of magnetically coupled coils.

OR

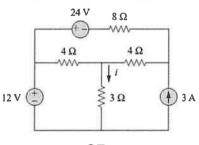
- 13. B). Develop an expression for resonant frequency of a series RLC circuit. For series RLC circuit with v(t) = 110 Cos(50t), $R = 1 \text{ K}\Omega \text{ L} = 100 \text{ mH C} = 0.1 \mu\text{F}$ determine the resonant frequency, half power frequencies, band width Q-factor.
- 14. A). Clearly explain Duality and Dual network. Illustrate the procedure for drawing the dual of a network with an example.

OR

14. B). Describe the cut-set matrix and analyze the basic cut-set matrix for the oriented graph given in figure. Where the elements 1, 2, 3 and 4 are tree branches.

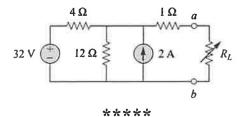


15. A). For the circuit shown in figure, Apply superposition theorem to determine current is



OR

15. B). Simplify Thevenin's equivalent circuit across the terminals a-b. Then find current through R_L if $R_L = 6 \Omega$, 16Ω and 36Ω .





CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Electromagnetic Fields

Da	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) te: 20.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.	Marks: 70
<u> </u>	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	1411113. 70
	PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	10-2-2014
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
. W	hat is the physical significance of divergence of a vector field?	2 1
. W	hat are the properties of a conductor?	2 1
. Oı	utline Coulomb's Law and mention its limitations	2 1
. Co	onstruct Laplace's equation in cylindrical coordinates.	2]
I11	ustrate Ohms Law in Point Form.	2]
. Co	ompare between Laplace and Poisson equation.	2 1
. Di	ifferentiate between conduction current and displacement current.	2 1
I11	ustrate Ampere's Circuital Law.	2]
De	evelop the Maxwell's equation in free space.	2]
). Oı	utline Faraday Law.	2 1
A	PART-B swer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
All	swer the following. Each question carries TEN marks.	3 X10 -3010
1.A).	Demonstrate the gradient, divergence and curl theorems along with their implications.	. 10
	OR	
l.B).	Determine the divergence for the function $F = xya_x + 2yza_y + 3zxa_z$.	10
2. A).	State Coulomb's law. Four like charges of 30µC each are located at the four corners	of a 10
,	square, the diagonal measures 8m. Find the force on a $100\mu C$ located 3m above the confidence of the square.	
	OR	
2. B).	State and explain the Gauss law. Applying the Gauss law, find out the field intensity to an infinite plane sheet charge.	due 10
3. A).	Derive the expression for capacitance of a spherical capacitor	10
	OR	
s. B).	What are the boundary conditions. Explain the boundary condition between two diele media.	etric 10
. A).	What is Lorentz force equation? Derive the equation for force acting on a moving chaute due to electric and magnetic fields.	arge 10
	OR	
ł. B).	State and explain the Biot - savart law and derive the expression for magnetic intensity due to surface currents.	field 10

15. A). Write Maxwell's equations for time varying fields and make their word statements.

10M

OR

15. B). In a material for which $\sigma = 5$ S/m and $\varepsilon r = 1.0$, the electric field intensity, is given by E = 250 Sin 10¹⁰ t V/m. Find the conduction and displacement current densities?



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

	B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024	
	urse Name: Fluid Mechanics & Hydraulic Machinery (Electrical & Electronics Engineering)	3.6 1 50
<u>Da</u>	te: 23.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max. (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	.Marks: 70
	PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1. D	efine Pressure and writes its units.	2 M
2. D	escribe the relationship between the absolute, gauge and vacuum pressure.	2 M
3. W	hat is meant by stream line of fluid flow and writes its equation?	2 M
4. W	rite the equation to find the flow rate through orifice meter?	2 M
5. D	stinguish between the HGL and TEL.	2 M
6. D	esignate the characteristics of the boundary layer of the fluid flow.	2 M
7. El	aborate the importance of the draft tube in the turbine.	2 M
8. D	fferentiate between the impulse and rection turbine.	2 M
9. W	hat is the uses of specific quantities?	2 M
10. D	efine the slip of the reciprocating pump and write its equation.	2 M
An	PART-B swer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	How do you measure the fluid Pressure? Explain the working of a U-tube different manometer.	ential 10M
	OR	
11. B).	The dynamic viscosity of an oil, used for lubrication between a shaft and sleeve is 6 p. The shaft is of diameter 0.4m and rotates at 190 rpm. Calculate the power lost is bearing for a sleeve length of 90 mm. The thickness of the oil film is 1.5mm.	
12. A).	Derive the equation for discharge through an orifice meter with a neat sketch. OR	10M
12. B).	Derive the continuity equation for one dimensional flow.	10M
13. A).	The difference in water surface levels in two tanks, which are connected by three pip series of length 300 m, 170m and 210m and of diameters 300mm, 200mm and 40 respectively, is 12 m. Determine the rate of flow of water if co-efficient of frictio 0.005, 0.0052 and 0.0048 respectively, considering (i) minor losses (ii) neglecting relosses.	0mm n are
	OR	
13. B).	Define the terms (i) Boundary layer (ii) Laminar boundary layer (iii) Turbulent bound layer (iv) Laminar sub layer.	dary 10M
14. A).	Estimate the work done in flow over radial vanes with help of velocity triangles. (P.7)	10M r.o)

14. B). A jet of water of diameter 85 mm moving with a velocity of 35 m/s strikes a fixed plate in 10M such a way that the angle between the jet and plate is 450. Find the force exerted by the jet on the plate (i) in the direction normal to the plate and (ii) in the direction of the jet.

15. A). Explain in detail the design of Franci's turbine with help of velocity triangles.

10M

OR

15. B). What is a drat tube? Write down the draft tube theory with help of neat sketch?

10M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Electronic Devices & Circuits

(Common for EEE & ECE)

	(Common for EEE & ECE) Date: 25.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	What is the effect of temperature on PN junction diode?	2 M
2.	What is a photo diode? Draw the symbol and mention its applications.	- 2 M
3.	What is a filter? Draw the circuit diagram of a pi section filter.	2 M
4.	What is the ripple factor? Specify the ripple factor for HWR and FWR?	2 M
5.	What is UJT? Mention the applications of UJT?	2 M
6.	Draw the input and output characteristics of a CE configured BJT.	2 M
7.	Define stability factor.	2 M
8.	What is thermal run away in BJT?	2 M
9.	What are the differences between pMOS and nMOS devices?	2 M
10.	Define pinch off voltage.	2 M
	PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
12.		
11.A		10M
	OR	
11. E	3). Explain tunneling in a tunnel diode with the help of an energy band diagram.	10M
12. <i>A</i>	A). Define rectification. Explain the operation of bridge rectifier with neat sketch.	10M
	OR	
12. E	3). Explain the working of i) inductor filter ii) capacitor filter.	10M
13. A	A). Explain the working of CE BJT and current components in it with neat sketch. OR	10M
13. B	3). Derive and explain the h parameter analysis of a CB BJT.	10M
14. A	A). Explain i) Q point, ii) AC load line and iii) DC load line.	10M
	OR	
14. B		4M
	ii) voltage divider bias.	6M
15. A	A). Explain i) the biasing concept in a FET.	5M
	ii) CS amplifier with neat sketch.	5M
	OR	
15. B	3). Explain the regions of operation of a MOSFET by discussing the characteristic	s. 10M



	(UGC AUTONOMOUS)	
	B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024 Course Name: Electrical Machines-I	
	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)	
	Date: 31.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Ma	rks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks. 10x	2=20M
1.	Why most practical energy conversion devices use magnetic field as the coupling mediun between electrical and mechanical systems?	n 2 M
2.	Discuss briefly the principle of energy conversion.	2 M
3.	List out the advantages of multiplex windings.	2 M
4.	Define armature reaction and list out the effects of it.	2 M
5.	Define critical speed of DC machine.	2 M
6.	Explain the additional protection in 3-point starter in addition to limiting high inrush currents	. 2 M
7.	Explain why parallel operation of transformer is necessary.	2 M
8.	Why is the core of a transformer laminated?	2 M
9.	What are the uses of Scott connection?	2 M
10.	What are the features of on load tap changers?	2 M
	PART-B	0 5 0N#
	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x1	0=50M
11.4	a). Derive expressions of field energy, co energy and magnetic force in a singly excited electromechanical unit.	d 10M
	OR	
11.	 For a doubly excited magnetic system, derive the expression for the magnetic energy stored. 	y 10M
12.	A). Derive the expression for demagnetizing Armature Ampere Turns per pole of DO Machine.	C 10M
	OR	
12.	3). Derive the e.m.f equation of DC machine with fundamentals.	10M
13.	A). Describe the brake test on DC motor to determine the performance characteristics of DC motor.	C 10M
	OR	
≈13. l	 A dc shunt generator has the following open circuit magnetization curve running at 800 rpm 	0 10M
	Field current (A): 0 0.5 1.0 2.0 3.0 4.0 5.0	
	EMF (V) : 10 50 100 175 220 245 262	
	Find graphically the critical resistance of shunt field circuit. If the field resistance i changed to 75 ohms, what will be the critical speed for the machine to build up.	S
	$\sigma \tau$	A

14. A). With the help of neat sketch, explain in detail about parallel operation of single phase 10M transformers.

OR

- 14. B). What is voltage regulation of a transformer? Derive the conditions for maximum and zero 10M voltage regulation in a transformer.
- 15. A). Explain the operation of auto transformer with neat sketch. Explain effect of non-linear B- 10M H curve of magnetic core material of auto Transformer.

OR

15. B). A balanced 3-phase, 100 kW load at 400V and 0.8 p.f. lag is to be obtained from a balanced 2-phase, 1100V lines. Determine the kVA rating of each unit of the Scott-connected transformer.



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

	B. Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024 Course Name: Materials Engineering	
	(Mechanical Engineering) Date: 15.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Mar	.a. 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	<u>us: /u</u>
	PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2-	=20M
1.	Illustrate unit cell.	2 M
2.	What is the significance of Young's Modulus in terms of material property?	2 M
3.	Differentiate the ductility and brittle nature of materials.	2 M
4.	Mention the advantages of non-destructive testing.	2 M
5.	What is leduburite?	2 M
	Mention the objectives of the phase diagram.	2 M
7.	What is the importance of recrystallization temperature in the heat treatment of materials?	2 M
	Describe the objectives of microstructure.	2 M
	List out the applications of Al alloys.	2 M
10.	Describe the applications of metal matrix composites.	2 M
<u>A</u>	PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	50M
11.A)	. Draw and mention the salient features of stress-strain diagram for engineering applications. Brief out.	10M
	OR	
11. B)	. Illustrate the working principle of the Rockwell hardness test.	10M
12. A)	. Mention the effects of mean stress using a modified Goodman diagram. OR	10M
12. B)	. Brief out non-destructive testing methods and their applications.	10M
13. A)	liquid state and partially insoluble in a solid state.	10M
13. B).	OR Illustrate the structural changes that occur when a eutectic alloy is cooled from liquid state	10M
	to room temperature.	
14. A).	Examine the mechanisms of recovery, recrystallization, and grain growth in materials. OR	10M
14. B).		10M
15. A).	What is the effect of carbon percentage in steel? Explain. OR	10M

10M

15. B). Explain the properties of Nickel based super alloys and Titanium Alloys.



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Thermodynamics

(Mechanical Engineering)

Date: 18.07.2024 AN	Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
----------------------------------	----------

1.	Define the thermometric property.	2 M
2.	What do you understand by classical and statistical approach of thermodynamics?	2 M
3.	Differentiate between the work transfer and heat transfer.	2 M
4.	List the various thermodynamic process	2 M
5.	Write the Kelvin-Planck statement of second law of thermodynamics.	2 M
6.	Write the equation for Helmholtz and Gibbs function.	2 M
7.	Compare the critical point and triple point?	2 M
8.	Label the Maxwell relations.	2 M
9.	Outline the P-V and T-S diagram of Lenoir cycle.	2 M
10.	Compare Otto, Diesel and Dual cycle for the same maximum pressure and Temperature.	2 M

PART-B

Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=50M

11.A). i) Explain the concept of ideal gas temperature scale.

5M 5M

5M

ii) A milk chilling unit can remove heat from the milk at a rate of 41.87 MJ/h. Heat leaking into milk from surroundings at an average rate of 4.187 MJ/h. Find the time required for cooling a batch of 500 kg of milk from 45°C to 5°C. Take the C_P of milk to be 4.187 kJ/kg K.

OR

- i) Explain what do you understand by concept of continuum? How will you define density 5M and pressure using this concept?
 - ii) A balloon is filled with air (200kPa and 300K) such that it becomes as sphere of 5M diameter 1m. It is then gradually heated till the pressure rises to 500 kPa. Determine the amount of work done during the process, assuming that the pressure inside the balloon is proportional to the diameter of the balloon.
- i) Give the differential form of S.F.E.E. Under what condition the S.F.E.E. does reduces 12. A). 5M to Euler's equation.
 - ii) A mass of 8 kg gas expands in a flexible container so that the p-v relationship is in the form of pv^{1,2}=const. the initial pressure is 1000 kPa and the initial volume is 1 m³. The final pressure is 5 kPa. If the specific internal energy of the gas is decreases by 40 kJ/kg, find the heat transfer in magnitude and direction.

12. B).	i) Discuss about first law of thermodynamics. ii) A system consists of a cylinder and piston in engine. The external normal load applied to the piston is given by $F = (-150+100x)$ KN. Where x is the distance (meter) from the closed end of the cylinder to the piston. Compute how much work is achieved when the piston moves from the positions $x = 2$ to $x = 4$ meter.	5M 5M
13. A).	i) Prove that the COP of the reversible refrigerator operating between two given	5M
	temperatures is the maximum. ii) Water is heated at a constant pressure of 0.7 MPa. The boiling point is 164.97° C. The initial temperature of water is 0° C. The latent heat of evaporation is 2066.3kJ/kg. Analyze the increase of entropy of water if the final temperature is steam. OR	5M
13. B).	i) Discuss the significance of Second law of thermodynamics.	5M
Ă	ii) A heat pump working on a reversed Carnot cycle takes in energy from a reservoir maintained at 3°C and delivers it to another reservoir where temperature is 77°C. The heat pump drives power for its operation from a reversible engine operating within the higher and lower temperature limits of 1077°C and 77°C. For 100 kJ/sec of energy supplied to the reservoir at 77°C, estimate the energy taken from the reservoir at 1077°C.	5M
14. A).	i) Steam initially at 0.3 MPa, 250°C is cooled at constant volume. a) At what temperature will steam become superheated vapour? b) What is the quality of steam at 80°C? c) What is the heat transferred per kg of steam in cooling from 250°C to 80°C.	5M
	ii) Prove that the equation $C_p - C_v = R$	5M
	OR	
14. B).	i) What do you understand by triple point? Give the pressure and Temperature of water at its triple point.	5M
	ii) Water at 40°C is continuously sprayed into a pipeline carrying 5 tonnes of steam at 5	5M
	bar, 300°C per hour. At a section downstream where the pressure is 3 bar, the quality is to be 95%. Find the rate of water spray in kg/hr.	
15. A).	i) Draw the variation of thermal efficiency against compression ratio of an Otto-cycle.	5M
2011291	ii) An air standard diesel cycle has a compression ratio of 17. The Pressure at the beginning of compression stroke is 1bar and the temperature is 23° C. The maximum temperature is 1430° C. Determine the thermal efficiency and the mean effective pressure for this cycle. Take $\gamma = 1.4$.	5M
	OR	
15. B).	i) Derive an expression for air standard efficiency of Otto cycle in standard form.	5M
	ii) Define mean effective pressure and thermal efficiency of an air standard cycle.	5M

Course Name: Mechanics of Solids (Mechanical Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Date: 20.07.2024 AN

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

Max.Marks: 70

- 1. Define Young's modulus of elasticity and Poisson's ratio.
 - An element in a strained material is subjected to pure shear stress of 60MPa. Determine the principal stresses and planes.
- 3. Define the point of contra flexure and section modulus.

2 M

2 M

2 M

- Sketch the distribution of shear stress across the depth of a circular section of a beam of 4. 2 M diameter 60mm and subjected to a Shear Force of 80kN at a section.
- A cantilever carries a UDL over the entire span of 2m. If the slope at the free end is 1.50, find 5. 2 M the deflection at the free end. Take EI= $20 \times 10^6 \text{N-mm}^2$.
- 6. State and Maxwell's reciprocal theorem.

2.

2 M

7. Differentiate between flexural and torsional stiffnesses.

2 M

2 M

8. Determine the angle of twist of shafts in series. 9. Explain the necessary difference of radii for shrinkage.

2 M

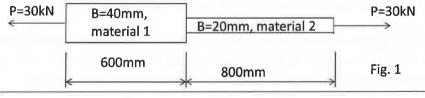
Differentiate between thin and thick cylinders.

2 M

PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

11.A). The stepped bar shown in Fig.1 is made up of two different materials. The material 1 has 10M Young's modulus as 200GPa, while that of material 2 is 100GPa. Find the extension of the bar under a pull of 30kN. If both portions are 20mm in thickness.

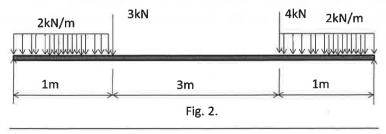


OR

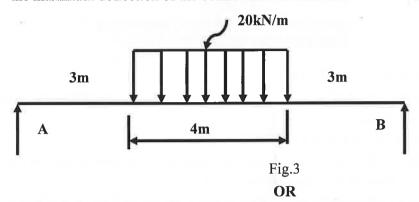
At a point P in a machine element, the rectangular stress components are σ_x =30MPa, 10M σ_y =10MPa and τ_{xy} =20MPa. Determine the principal stresses, the principal planes and the principal shear. Indicate them on a properly oriented element.

Draw BMD and SFD for the beam shown in Fig. 2.

10M



- 12. B). A beam of span 'L' meters simply supported at the ends carries a central load W. the beam section has an overall depth of 290mm with horizontal flanges each 150mmx 20mm and vertical web 250mm x 10mm. if the maximum shear stress is to be 45MPa and the maximum bending stress is 150MPa. Find the value of the centrally applied point load 'W' and the span 'L'.
- 13. A). A simply supported beam of 10m carries a UDL of 20kN/m as shown in Fig 3. Determine the maximum deflection of the beam. Take EI constant.



- 13. B). A simply supported beam of a span of 8 m carries two concentrated loads of 100N and 150KN at a distance of 2 m and 5 m from left-hand support respectively. Given E = 200GPa; I = 18x 10⁶mm⁸. Calculate the deflection under each load, the maximum deflection and its location.
- 14. A). Determine the power transmitted by a solid shaft of 100 mm diameter at 150 r.p.m., the maximum shear stress is not to exceed 80MPa. The maximum torque is 30% more than its mean value. If this shaft is replaced by a hollow shaft of the same weight with an outer diameter to inner diameter ratio of 0.6. What will be the percentage increase in the power transmitted by this hollow shaft?

OR

- 14. B). Determine the diameter of a solid shaft which will transmit 150 kW at 200 RPM. Also, determine the length of the shaft if the twist must not exceed 1.50 over the entire length. The maximum shear stress is limited to 75 MPA, Take G = 85 GPa.
- 15. A). A pipe of 400mm internal diameter and 100mm thickness contains a fluid at a pressure of 8MPa. Find the maximum and minimum hoop stress across the section. Also, construct the radial pressure distribution and hoop stress distribution across the section.

OR

15. B). A cylinder with an external diameter of 300 mm and an internal diameter of 200 mm is subjected to an internal pressure of 25 MPa. Compare the relative merits of a single thick-walled cylinder and a composite cylinder with the inner cylinder whose internal and external diameters are 200 mm and 250 mm respectively. A tube of 250 mm internal diameter and 300 mm external diameter is shrunk on the main cylinder. The safe tensile yield stress of the material is 110 MPa and the stress setup at the junction due to shrinkage should not exceed 10 MPa.



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Machine Drawing

(Mechanical Engineering)

Date: 23.07.2024 AN

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 60

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

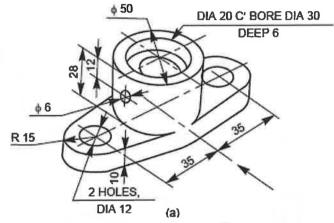
PART-A

Answer any TWO questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries FIVE marks.

2x5=10M

The figure (a) shows the isometric view of shaft support. Draw its Sectional view from the 5 M 1. front, the view from above, and the view from the right. Assume the section planes at the centre of the part.

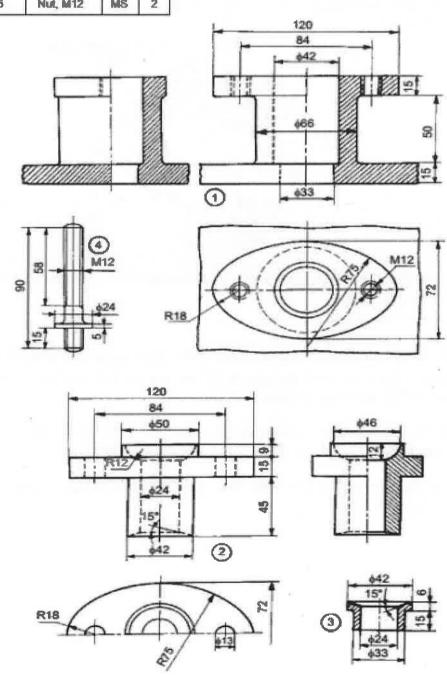


- 5 M 2. Sketch the following thread profiles for a nominal diameter of 25 mm and pitch 3 mm and give their applications:
 - (a) Buttress thread (b) Square thread
- 5 M Sketch the following types of keys in two views, fitted in position between a shaft and the 3. mounting. Choose the shaft diameter as 30 mm and the hub diameter of the mounting as 60 mm: (a) flat saddle key, (b) taper sunk key.
- Sketch the required views, indicating the proportions of a solid flange coupling used in 5 M 4. marine engines to connect two shafts, each with a diameter of 60 mm.
- Draw (a) half sectional view from the front, with left half in section, suitable for supporting a 5 M 5. shaft of diameter 25mm.

6. The details of the stuffing box for a vertical steam engine are given in Figure. Assemble 50M the parts and draw: (i). Front view right half in section. (ii). Half-sectional side view. (iii). Top view.

Parts list

Part No.	Name	Matt	Oty
1	Body	CI	1
2	Gland	Brass	1
3	Bush	Brass	1
4	Stud	MS	2
5	NUL M12	MS	2



R18 H.T No: Course Code: A30224



2.

CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Electrical Engineering

(Electronics & Communication Engineering)

Date: 18.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

10M

- 1. List the difference between ideal and practical sources.
 - Three equal Resistors of 10hm are connected in star fashion calculate the equivalent delta 2 M
- List the significance of 'j' operator and their properties. 3.
- 2 M
- Define Form factor and peak factor. 4.

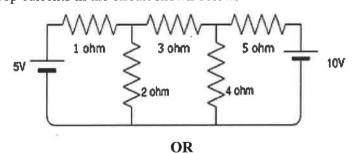
network parameters.

- Calculate the Inverses Laplace transform for $G(s) = \frac{s+2}{s(s-1)}$ using partial transforms. 5. 2 M
- 6. Define Time constant and formulas for RL and RC circuits.
- 7. List the Total losses associated with practical transformer.
- 8. What is the principle of Transformer? 2 M
- 9. List the significance of pole shoes and yoke.
- 2 M 10. Define synchronous speed in synchronous motor.

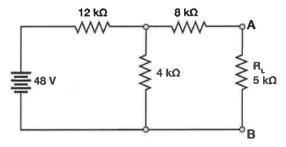
PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

Calculate the loop currents in the circuit shown below.



Apply Thevenin's theorem to calculate the current through R_L in the network shown 10M 11. B). below.



12. A). A sinusoidal voltage of 200V, 50Hz supply is connected to series network comprising of Z1=10+j5 ohms and Z2= 5-2j ohms. Calculate the following i) Total impedance ii) Current iii) Phase difference iv) Power factor.

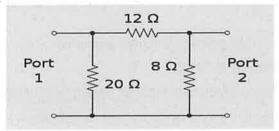
OR

- 12. B). A series RLC circuit under resonance contains R=0.1ohm, L=1mH and C=1pF connected to a function generator of 100V, calculate the following i) Resonance frequency ii) Current at resonance iii) Net admittance iv) quality factor.
- 13. A). Derive the transient response of series RL circuits.

10M

OR

13. B). Derive the following Two port parameters for the circuit shown below i) ABCD 10M parameters ii) hybrid parameters



14. A). Elaborate the procedure to obtain the equivalent circuit diagram of Transformer.

10M

OR

14. B). Derive the EMF equation of Transformer from basics.

10M

15. A). Elaborate the construction and operating principle of DC generator.

10M

OR

15. B). Explain the operating principle of Synchronous generator.

10M

ii) Determine the probability of the card being either a red or a king when one card is

drawn from a regular deck of 52 cards

 $f_{x}(x) = K(1-x^2)$

i) List out the properties of Conditional Distribution Function.

0 < x < 1

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

6M 4M ii) Find the value of 'K' for a valid probability density of a random variable is given by

10M

10M

10M

12. B). If X be a discrete random variable with probability mass function is given as

X	-2	-1	0	1	2
P(X)	1	2	1	1	1
$F(\lambda)$	5	5	10	10	5

Find (i). E[X]

(ii).
$$E[2X + 3]$$

(iii).
$$E[X^2]$$
 and (iv). $E[(2X + 1)^2]$

13. A). The valid joint probability density function is given as

$$f_{xy}(x,y) = A e^{-(2x+y)}$$
 for $x \ge 0$ and $y \ge 0$

Find (a) the value of A and (b) the marginal density function

OR

13. B). The joint density function of X and Y is

 $f_{xy}(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{100} & 0 < x < 5, & o < y < 20 \\ 0 & else where \end{cases}$

Find the expected value of the functions

X Y

(b)
$$X^2 Y$$

(c)
$$(XY)^2$$

14. A). Prove that the random process $X(t) = A\cos(\omega_c t + \theta)$ is wide sence stationary if it is 10M assumed that ω_c is a constant and Θ is uniformly distributed variable in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$.

OR

- 14. B). The autocorrelation function of a stationary random process X(t) is given by 10M $R_{XX}(\tau) = 36 + \frac{16}{1 + 8\tau^2}$. Find mean, mean square and variance of the process.
- 15. A). Determine which of the following functions are valid power density spectrums and why?

(i).
$$\frac{\cos 8(\omega)}{2+\omega^4}$$

(ii).
$$e^{-(\omega-1)^2}$$

(iii).
$$\frac{\omega^2}{\omega^6 + 3\omega^2 + 3}$$

OR

15. B). The autocorrelation function of a WSS random process is $R_{XX}(\tau)$ a $\exp(-(\tau/b)^2)$. Find the power spectral density and normalized average power of signal.



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)
B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

	Course Name: Switching Theory & Logic Design	
	(Electronics & Communication Engineering) Date: 23.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max.Mark	s: 70
(-	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=	=20M
1.	Implement a two-input OR gate using NAND gates only.	2 M
2.	If $\sqrt{41} = 5$, find the radix (base) of the number system.	2 M
3.	a) Define prime implicant.	2 M
4.	b) The code used for labelling the cells of the K-map is A programmable logic array has n = 8 inputs, k = 20 product terms, and m = 100 outputs. What is the number of fuses to be programmed?	2 M
5.	A J-K flip-flop is invariably used in a master-slave configuration. Why?	2 M
6.	Give the transition table for the D flip-flop.	2 M
7.	Define finite state machine.	2 M
8.	What is the basic difference between synchronous and asynchronous circuits?	2 M
9.	List out the limitations of finite state machines.	2 M
10.	Distinguish between an ASM chart and a conventional flow chart.	2 M
<u>. 4</u>	PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	=50M
11.A). Apply the excess-3 code and its 9's complement for the following decimal numbers: (i) 235 (ii) 146 (iii) 404.	10M
	OR	
11. B	 i) Identify if any errors for the Hamming code 10011010 is received, using even parity. ii) Solve (179)₁₀ + (422)₁₀ with the help of BCD subtraction using 9's complement technique. 	5M 5M
12. A	a). Design 8x1 multiplexer using two 4x1 multiplexer.	10M
	OR	
12. B	3). Design a Combinational Logic circuit using a PROM. The Circuit accepts 3-bit binary number and generates its equivalent Excess-3 Code?	10M
13. A	a). i) Analyze logic diagrams for D, JK Flip flops.	5M
	ii) Convert JK-flip flop into D-Flip flop.	5M
	a. OR	
13. B	delay time.	3M
	ii) Draw the circuit diagram of a master-slave JK flip-flop and explain its operation with the help of a Truth Table.	7M
	(P.T.O)	

14. A).	What do mean by (i) a ripple counter and (ii) a ring counter? Explain their circuits.	10M
	OR	
14. B).	i) Construct a 4-bit shift register using flip-flops and explain its operation.	6M
	ii) Explain, how you obtain a left shift, using a shift register.	4M
15. A).	Design the FSM controller for the traffic lights at an intersection North/South (NS) vs East/West (EW) with green and red lights only. The rule: (a) if no car detected, stay the same state, (b) if cars are detected in the direction with red light (independent of whether cars detected in, the direction with green light), switch state	10M
	OR	
15. B).	Write down the steps involved in the design of FSM with suitable example.	10M

OR In how many ways can we distribute 7 apples and 6 oranges can distributed among 4

children so that each child gets at least one apple?

10M

(P.T.O..)

1.

2.

3.

4. 5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

12. B).

4

Show that $\neg P \land (\neg Q \land R) \lor (Q \land R) \lor (P \land R) \Leftrightarrow R$ without constructing truth table.

10M

13. B). What is the principle disjunctive normal form? Obtain the principle disjunctive normal 10M form of $P \rightarrow (P \rightarrow Q) \land \neg (\neg Q \lor \neg P)$

Find the Principal Disjunctive Normal form of $P \vee (\neg P \rightarrow (Q \vee (\neg Q \rightarrow R)))$.

10M

OR

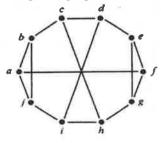
Set G = $\{1, \omega, \omega^2\}$ i.e., three roots of unity and form a finite abelian group with respect 10M 14. B). to multiplication, also prove this statement by composition table.

Prove that in an undirected graph there is an even number of vertices of odd degree 15. A).

10M

Show that the following two graphs are not Isomorphic. 15. B).

10M



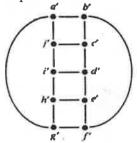


Fig.1



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

Co		Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August & Digital Electronics	-2024	
Cu	urse Mame. Analog	(Common for CSE & IT)		
Da	te: 18.07.2024 AN	Time: 3 hours	Max.Mark	s: 70
10		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)		
		Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=	-20M
1. De	efine Diode, how PN ju	nction will acts as a diode?		2 M
2. De	efine rectifier and regula	ator.		2 M
3. Ho	ow transistor acts as an	amplifier.		2 M
4. Di	aw CB, CE, CC config	gurations neatly.		2 M
5. W	hat is MOSFET and dra	aw different types of it.		2 M
6. Co	onvert 101100, 010011	into decimal equivalents.		2 M
7. W	hy NAND and NOR ar	re called universal gates justify.		2 M
8. De	efine Multiplexer and D	Demultiplexer.		2 M
9. Gi	ve the logic symbols ar	nd truth tables for J-K FF and Clocked S-R FF.		2 M
10. W	rite about capabilities a	and limitations of FSM.	1.0	2 M
		PART-B		
An	swer the following. Ea	ch question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=	<u>=50M</u>
11.A).	Explain and working	principle of operation of P-N junction diode. OR		10M
11. B).	i) Construct and expla	ain the working principle of the bridge rectifier.		5M
11. 11.	ii) A 230 V, 50Hz vol	Itage is applied to the primary of a 4:1 step down transfong a load resistance of a 600Ω , Determine PIV, dc output		5M
12. A)	i) Describe the constru	uction of BJT with and without biasing.		5M
		te of Ic and I_{E} for the transistor circuit of β =200 and I_{B} =	0.125mA	5M
		OR		
12. B).	i) Compare CB, CE, Cii) For a transistor circ	CC configurations. cuit having α =0.98, I_{CBO} = I_{Co} =5 μ A and I_{B} =100 μ A, Find	I _C and I _E .	5M 5M
13. A).	Explain construction of	of principle of operation of JFET. OR		10M
13. B).	Verify that the follow code ii) 2-4-2-1 code	ving codes are self complementing codes are not justify	i) Excess -3	10M
14. A).	Implement the given of f(A,B,C,D)=ABC+BC	expression using only 2 input NAND gates.		10M
		OR		
14. B).	Implement of full add	er circuit using two half adders.	(P.T.O)	10M

15. A).	i) Write about types of flip flops.	5M
,	ii) Conver SR of D flipflop.	5M
	OR	
15. B).	Write about capabilities and limitation of FSM and explain abut mealy and more models.	10M
	* * * * *	



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Computer Organization & Architecture

D.	(Common for CSE, IT, CSC, CSM, AID & AIM) ate: 20.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours Max	.Marks: 70
Di	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	
	PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1. D	Define the term processor and discuss about output unit.	2 M
2. D	Discuss about Condition Register (CR) and Integer Exception Register (XER).	2 M
3. V	Write a note on condition codes for branch instruction.	2 M
4. D	Discuss briefly about EPROM.	2 M
5. V	Write a note on DMA.	2 M
6. V	Vrite a note on shifted immediate operand.	2 M
7. D	Define and discuss about instruction execute.	2 M
8. D	Describe the term memory unit.	2 M
9. V	What action is required for executing this instruction Add (R3), R1?	2 M
10. D	Discuss briefly about PROM.	2 M
A =	PART-B	51050N
AI	nswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	Draw and explain single bus structure.	10M
	OR	
11. B).	Draw the functional unit of a computer and discuss about the control unit in details.	10N
12. A).	Explain the following addressing modes.	10N
	i) index mode ii) Auto increment mode iii) Auto decrement mode.	
	OR	
12. B).	Write a short note on rotate instructions.	10M
13. A).	Write a short note on branch instruction.	10M
	OR	
13. B).	Discuss briefly about secondary storage devices.	10M
14. A).	Discuss about Synchronous bus and draw the timing diagram of input transferences synchronous bus.	fer of 10N
	OR	
14. B).	Discuss briefly about peripheral component inter connect (PCI).	10M
15. A).	Define locality of reference and explain use of a cache memory and direct—mapped cooks. OR	ache. 10M
15. B).	Define ALU? Explain the arithmetic and logical operation.	10M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Object Oriented Programming

Г	(Common for CSE & IT) Date: 23.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks	s: 70
_	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	IVAMASIVAMI AL	
	PART-A		
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=	20M
	Each question carries 1 Wo marks.	IVAL	ZUIVI
1.	Define a constructor. Give an example for it.		2 M
2.	What is <i>Object</i> class? Mention few methods in it?		2 M
3.	Differentiate checked exceptions and unchecked exceptions.		2 M
1. .	Define inner class with an example.		2 M
5.	List File operations in java.		2 M
5.	Discuss about thread priorities.		2 M
7.	What is the purpose of hash table?		2 M
8.	Differentiate JDBC type 3 and type 4 drivers.		2 M
9.	In the context of event handling, list events and sources.		2 M
10.	Give the hierarchy of swing and Scala components.		2 M
	PART-B	-	
<u>A</u> 11.A)	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=	50M 10N
	Develop a Java code to create a class called <i>Box</i> with length, br members in it. Develop a method <i>volume()</i> which computes the volume the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two o	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside	
	nswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. Develop a Java code to create a class called <i>Box</i> with length, br members in it. Develop a method <i>volume()</i> which computes the volume.	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside	
- 11.A)	Develop a Java code to create a class called <i>Box</i> with length, br members in it. Develop a method <i>volume()</i> which computes the volur the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two o and compute the corresponding volume. OR	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside	10N
	Develop a Java code to create a class called <i>Box</i> with length, br members in it. Develop a method <i>volume()</i> which computes the volume the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two of and compute the corresponding volume. OR	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside bjects for Box class	
 11.A)	Develop a Java code to create a class called <i>Box</i> with length, br members in it. Develop a method <i>volume()</i> which computes the volume the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two of and compute the corresponding volume. OR Define package. How to create and access a package with an example.	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside bjects for Box class	10N
 11.A) 11. B)	Develop a Java code to create a class called <i>Box</i> with length, bromembers in it. Develop a method <i>volume()</i> which computes the volume the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two of and compute the corresponding volume. OR i) Explain multi-level inheritance with an example. ii) Define package. How to create and access a package with an example. Explain about uses of inner classes and also differentiate <i>Louding</i> .	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside bjects for Box class	10N 5N 5N
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- 11.A) (1. B) (2. A)	Develop a Java code to create a class called <i>Box</i> with length, bromembers in it. Develop a method <i>volume()</i> which computes the volume the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two of and compute the corresponding volume. OR Define package. How to create and access a package with an example. ii) Define package. How to create and access a package with an example. Explain about uses of inner classes and also differentiate <i>Lo Anonymous Inner classes</i> and <i>static inner classes</i> OR Define exception. Explain about <i>try</i> , <i>catch</i> , <i>throw</i> , <i>throws</i> and <i>finally</i> Give suitable examples.	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside bjects for Box class ole? It is a classes, we keywords in Java. The first thread prints	10N 5N 5N
 11.A)	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. Develop a Java code to create a class called Box with length, bromembers in it. Develop a method volume() which computes the volume the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two of and compute the corresponding volume. OR Define package. How to create and access a package with an example. ii) Define package. How to create and access a package with an example. Explain about uses of inner classes and also differentiate Locanonymous Inner classes and static inner classes OR Define exception. Explain about try, catch, throw, throws and finally Give suitable examples. What are different ways to create a thread? Create two threads when the even numbers in the range of 1 to 1000 and second thread prints	eadth and depth as ne of the Box inside bjects for Box class ole? It is a classes, we keywords in Java. The first thread prints	10M 5M 5N 10M

14. A). Discuss about Java collection framework and its related components.

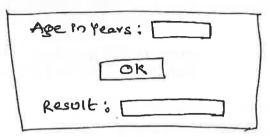
10M

OR

14. B). Explain about JDBC drivers in detail.

10M

15. A). Develop a Java code to give output as the following frame. User has to enter age. If age is greater than or equal to 18 then give result as "Eligible for Vote", otherwise give result as "Not Eligible for Vote" in the result text box.



OR

15. B). Explain about delegation event model with suitable example.

10M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

1. Define Database Management System. 2. Define a data model. 3. What is a foreign key? Give relevant example 4. Describe any 3 aggregate functions in SQL. 5. Define functional dependency. 6. What are the problems caused by redundancy? 7. What are the two pitfalls of lock-based protocols? 8. Define durability and atomicity of a transaction. 9. What are the disadvantages of index sequential files? 10. Differentiate primary index from secondary index. PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=56 11.A). Explain the main characteristics of the database approach versus the file processing approach. OR 11. B). Draw an ER-diagram of an Airline reservation system, taking into account at least five entities. Indicate all keys, constraints and assumptions that are made? 12. A). What is a view? How can it be created? Explain with an example. OR 12. B). Explain nested queries and correlated nested queries with example. OR 13. B). Explain tuple relational calculus and domain relational calculus with an example for each. 14. A). What is 2-phase locking protocol? How does it guarantee serializability? OR 15. A). Explain about hash-based indexing technique.	Da	(Common for CSE, IT, CSC, CSD & AID) ate: 25.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks:	70
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9. What are the disadvantages of index sequential files? 10. Differentiate primary index from secondary index. PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=50 11.A). Explain the main characteristics of the database approach versus the file processing approach. OR 11. B). Draw an ER-diagram of an Airline reservation system, taking into account at least five entities. Indicate all keys, constraints and assumptions that are made? 12. A). What is a view? How can it be created? Explain with an example. OR 12. B). Explain nested queries and correlated nested queries with example. OR 13. A). What is a normal form? Explain about various normal forms with examples. OR 14. A). What is 2-phase locking protocol? How does it guarantee serializability? OR 14. B). Illustrate multiple granularity locking algorithm with a suitable example. 15. A). Explain about hash-based indexing technique.	7. W	hat are the two pitfalls of lock-based protocols?	2	2 M
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13. A). What is a normal form? Explain about various normal forms with examples. OR 13. B). Explain tuple relational calculus and domain relational calculus with an example for each. 14. A). What is 2-phase locking protocol? How does it guarantee serializability? OR 14. B). Illustrate multiple granularity locking algorithm with a suitable example. 15. A). Explain about hash-based indexing technique.	12. A).	•	1	10M
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15. A). Explain about hash-based indexing technique.	14. A).		1	10M
•	14. B).	Illustrate multiple granularity locking algorithm with a suitable example.	1	10M
On	15. A).	Explain about hash-based indexing technique.	1	10M
15. B). Discuss in detail about B+ tree indexing.		OR		



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B. Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

Course Name: Design & Analysis of Algorithms

(Common for CSC & CSD)

Date: 18.07.2024 AN

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

- Write the properties of algorithm. 1.
- 2. Find the space complexity of addition of two numbers.
- Write the general method for Divide and conquer. 3.
- 4. What is the principle of the optimality?
- Draw state space tree for 4 queens problem. 5.
- 6. What is Graph Coloring?
- What is the minimum spanning tree? Give example? 7.
- 8. Define transitivity closure of a graph.
- 9. What is NP complete problem?
- 10. What is deterministic algorithm?

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

2 M

PART-B

Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

Write the algorithm to find the matrix multiplication and analyze its time complexity and 10M 11.A). space complexity?

OR

- 11. B). i) Solve the recurrence relation T(n) = T(n/5) + T(4n/5) + n using recursive tree method.
 - ii) Write the algorithm to find sum of 'n' numbers.

4M

6M

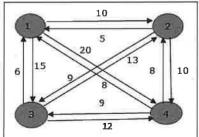
12. A). i) Find an optimal solution for 5 jobs of profits (P1,P2,P3,P4,P5) = (20,15,10,5,1) with 5M deadlines (d1,d2,d3,d4,d5)=(2,2,1,3,3).

ii) Explain about Bin packing.

5M

OR

Solve the travelling sales person problem for the given graph using dynamic 10M 12. B). programming.



i) Solve the 8-queen problem for a feasible sequence (6,4,7,1). 6M ii) Explain Graph coloring with example. 4M OR Solve the 0/1 knapsack problem using branch and bound method for the following data 10M 13. B). M=15, n=4, (p1,p2,p3,p4)=(10,10,12,18) (w1,w2,w3,w4)=(2,4,6,9). 14. A). i) Find the number of different topological orderings possible for the given graph. 5M ii) Discuss about DFS algorithm. 5M OR i) Find Minimum Spanning tree using Prims Algorithm for the given graph. 5M ii) Discuss about network flow algorithm. i) Write the algorithm to find the maximum and minimum element from an array. 5M 15. A). ii) Explain game tree with an example. 5M OR 15. B). i) Write non deterministic algorithm for 0/1 knapsack problem. 5M

5M

ii) Prove that 3-CNF is NP complete problem.

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30516



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

	Course Name: Operating Systems	
1	Date: 15.07.2024 AN (Common for CSD, AID & AIM) Time: 3 hours	.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	Define Operating system.	
	List the services of operating system.	2 M
	Define process state and mention the various states of a process.	2 M
4.	List the various scheduling criteria for CPU scheduling.	2 M
5.	Describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the conditions under which a death of the describe the described the describ	2 M
6.	Describe the conditions under which a deadlock situation may arise. Define monitor.	2 M
		2 M
	State the purpose of TLB.	2 M
9.	Distinguish between demand paging and pure demand paging.	2 M
	Explain any four file operations.	2 M
10.	List common file attributes.	2 M
<u>A</u> 11.A).		5x10=50M time 10M
	OR	
11. B)	and multiprocessing.	10M
12. A)	 Consider the following set of process, with the length of the CPU burst give milliseconds. Process Burst Time 	n in 10M
	P1 10	
	P2 1 P3 2	
	P4 1	
	P5 5	
	The processes are assumed to have arrived in the order P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, all at tim What are the Waiting time, turnaround time, and throughput of each process by apply FCFS, SJF scheduling algorithm with neat ghant chart?	e 0. ving

OR

- Describe the differences among short-term, medium-term, and long-term scheduling with 12. B). 10M an example.
- Explain the infinite buffer producer/consumer problem for concurrent processing which 10M uses binary semaphores.

(P.T.O..)

13. Б).	deadlocks with neat diagram? Explain how resource graph can be used for detecting	10M
14. A).	Describe, what is the need of Page Replacement? Consider the following reference string 7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 7, 0, 1. Find the number of Page Faults with FIFO, Optimal Page replacement and LRU with four frames which are empty initially. Which algorithm gives the minimum number of page faults?	10M
	OR	
14. B).	Consider a job queue with 5 processes P1, P2, P3, P4 and P5, the memory requirements of each process as 600K, 1000K, 300K, 700K, 500K respectively for a total of 2560K memory available. From this memory, an operating system resides in 400K. Calculate memory fragmentation in each of the following algorithms. i) First fit ii) Best fit iii) Worst fit	10M
15. A).	Describe File-system structure and its implementation.	10M
	OR	101/1
15. B).	Explain contiguous and linked file allocation methods with an example.	10M

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

11. B).

12. A). Evaluate $\int_4^{5.2} \log_e x \, dx$ by using (i) Trapezoidal rule (ii) Simpson's 1/3 rule.

OR

12. B). Using Taylor's series method, find y at x = 1.1 by solving the equation 10M $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + y^2$; y(1) = 2. Carryout the computations up to fourth order derivative.

(P.T.O..)

10M

13. A). Find
$$L\left(\frac{1-cost}{t^2}\right)$$

10M

OR

13. B). Find the Laplace transform of the half sine wave rectifier function given by

10M

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin \omega t, & 0 < t < \frac{\pi}{\omega} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{\omega} < t < \frac{2\pi}{\omega} \end{cases} \text{ and } f\left(t + \frac{2\pi}{\omega}\right) = f(t) \text{ for all values of } t.$$

14. A). A random variable X has the following probability function.

10M

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
P(x)	0	k	2 <i>k</i>	2 <i>k</i>	3 <i>k</i>	k^2	$2k^2$	$7k^2 + k$

- (i) Find the value of k.
- (ii) Evaluate P(X < 6), $P(X \ge 6)$ and P(0 < X < 5)
- (iii) Find the distribution function of X
- (iv) If $P(X \le k) > \frac{1}{2}$ find the minimum value of k.

OR

- 14. B). Derive the formula for mean, variance and moment generating function of a random 10M variable X following Poisson distribution with parameter λ.
- 15. A). A random sample of 10 boys had the following I. Q's 70, 120, 110, 101, 88, 83, 95, 98, 10M 107, 100. Does the data support the assumption of a population mean I.Q of 100? Find a reasonable range in which most of the mean I.Q values of samples of 10 boys lie. (To calculate at 5% level of significance).

OR

15. B). Two independent samples of eight and seven items respectively had the following values of the variables.

Sample-1: 9 11 13 11 15 9 12 14

Sample-2: 10 12 10 14 9 8 10

Do the two estimates of population variance differ significantly at 5% level of significance.



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech III Semester Supplementary Examinations July/August-2024

		ourse Name: Statisti ate: 20.07,2024 AN	cal Foundations of Data Science (CSD)		
		ate: 20.07.2024 AN	Time: 3 hours (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	Ma	x.Marks: 70
			PART-A	8	ξĶ
			Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.		10x2=20M
1	. V	Vhat can a Histogram tel	l you?		2 M
2	. Il	lustrate the data frame v	vith an example.		2 M
3.	. V	Vrite Difference between	sample mean and population mean.		2 M
4.	. V	Why we need to consider	standard error in the process of data analysis?		2 M
5.	. D	oifferentiate Type1 and t	ype2 error.		2 M
6.	. V	hat is the use of Degree	e of freedom?		2 M
7.	. S	ummarize the use of Cro	oss validation.		2 M
8.	D	efine confidence.	Α.	G	2 M
9.	. V	hat happens when pred	ictor variables are correlated?		2 M
:: 10). V	hat is confounding varia	able in statistics?		2 M
	An	swer the following. Ea	PART-B ch question carries TEN Marks.		5x10=50M
11	l.A).	Demonstrate box plot	and density plot with a sample data.		10M
			OR		
11	. B).	Elaborate the use of S data set.	catter plot to understand the correlation amon	g the attributes	of the 10M
12	. A).	What is regression? Ex	xplain Regression to mean with an example. OR		10M
12	. B).	Explain binomial distr	ibution with your own example.		10M
13	. A).	Demonstrate ANOVA	with an example.		10M
			OR		10111
13	. B).	Demonstrate Chi-Squa	are test with an example.		10M
14	. A).	Explain the procedure	to assessing a model.		10M
		- V V	OR		
14	. B).	Interpret the r ² error w	ith an example.		10M
15	. A).	Explain in detail about	Multi collinearity.		10M
		ž.	OR		
15.	. B).	Explain about Partial r	esidual plots and nonlinearity.		10M
			4.1.1.		



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	Iarks: 70
Date: 23.07.2024 AN Time: 3 hours (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	Jarks: 70
PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
Each question carries 1 WO marks.	0x2=20M
1. Define a constructor. Give an example for it.	2 M
 What is <i>Object</i> class? Mention few methods in it? 	2 M
3. Differentiate checked exceptions and unchecked exceptions.	2 M
4. Define inner class with an example.	2 M
5. List File operations in java.	2 M
6. Discuss about thread priorities.	2 M
7. What is the purpose of hash table?	2 M
8. Differentiate JDBC type 3 and type 4 drivers.	2 M
9. In the context of event handling, list events and sources.	2 M
10. Give the hierarchy of swing and Scala components.	2 M
PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5:	x10=50M
11.A). Develop a Java code to create a class called Box with length, breadth and depth members in it. Develop a method volume() which computes the volume of the Box instance the class. Develop suitable constructors in this context. Create two objects for Box class and compute the corresponding volume. OR	side
11. B). i) Explain multi-level inheritance with an example.	5M
ii) Define package. How to create and access a package with an example?	5M
12. A). Explain about uses of inner classes and also differentiate <i>Local inner classes</i> Anonymous Inner classes and static inner classes	ses, 10M
OR	
12. B). Define exception. Explain about <i>try</i> , <i>catch</i> , <i>throw</i> , <i>throws</i> and <i>finally</i> keywords in Ja Give suitable examples.	va. 10M
13. A). What are different ways to create a thread? Create two threads where first thread prints the even numbers in the range of 1 to 1000 and second thread prints the message "Ho India" for 500 times.	
OR	
13. B). Differentiate Byte stream and character stream with suitable example. (P.T.)	10M))

14. A). Discuss about Java collection framework and its related components.

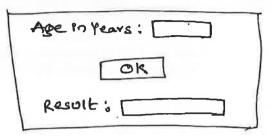
10M

OR

14. B). Explain about JDBC drivers in detail.

10M

15. A). Develop a Java code to give output as the following frame. User has to enter age. If age is greater than or equal to 18 then give result as "Eligible for Vote", otherwise give result as "Not Eligible for Vote" in the result text box.



OR

15. B). Explain about delegation event model with suitable example.

10M

14. A).	Explain the working principle of Single-Phase Transformer.	10M
14. B).	OR Derive an expression for voltage regulation of a single via	10101
	or photol diagram.	10M
15. A).	Explain the operation of Single-phase Induction motor, with neat circuit diagram. OR	10M
15. B).	Draw and explain the torque -slip characteristics of three phase induction motor.	10M



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	(Common for CE & EEE)	
<u>Da</u>		Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks.	0x2=20M
1. H	low python works?	2 M
	Thy does Python code generate fewer types of syntax errors than code in other programming ages? Justify your answer.	ning 2 M
3. H	low to format text for output?	2 M
4. W	/hat are Value – Returning functions?	2 M
5. D	o numbers and strings are immutable? Give your answer.	2 M
6. W	/hat is a set data type?	2 M
7. W	/hat is polymorphism? Give one example.	2 M
8. W	hen should the programmer define a class variable rather than an instance variable?	2 M
). W	/hat is a widget and how do you use it.	2 M
10. W	That is meant by Image Processing?	2 M
An	PART-B aswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5	x10=50M
11.A).	i) What is a Variable? Write about the rules and multiple assignments of variables.	5N
	ii) Demonstrate about type conversions with suitable examples.	5N
11 D)	OR	5)
11. B).	i) Discuss in brief about data types in python.ii) What is a Module? Explain how to import the modules with an example program.	5M 5M
	n) what is a Module? Explain now to import the modules with an example program.	J1 v
12. A).	What are arguments? Discuss the actual arguments used in the function call vexamples.	with 10M
	OR	
	i) Demonstrate the purpose of Global variables and constants with an example programii) Summarize the concept of storing functions in modules.	n. 5M 5M
12. B).		
ĺ	Inspect about List and Tuple data types in detail with example each and also overleaf comparisons among them.	the 10M
ĺ	Inspect about List and Tuple data types in detail with example each and also overleaf comparisons among them. OR	the 10M
13. A).	comparisons among them.	the 10M
12. B). 13. A).	comparisons among them. OR	

14. A).	i) What OOP terminology python support? Discuss.	5M
	ii) Discuss about Multiple Inheritance with an example program.	5M
	OR	
14. B).	How Object Oriented Programming differs from Procedural? Illustrate.	10M
15. A).	How to create GUI in Python using tkinter? Explain.	10M
	OR	
15. B).	i) Write a short note on: a) Prompter box b) Keyboard Events.	5M
	ii) Summarize the concept of Colors and RGB System in brief.	5M
