

CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Design and Drawing of RCC Structures

D	Pate: 24.06.2024 FN	(Civil Engineering) Time: 3 hours	Max.Marl	70
_		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	WIAX.WIAF	<u> </u>
		PART-A		
		Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2	=20M
1.	Define Characteristic stren	gth and characteristic load.		2 N
		king stress method and limit state method.	10	2 N
	Classify flexure bond and A			2 N
4.	Mention how the shear rein	nforcement improves the strength of the beam.	74	2 M
5. 1	Define one way slab with s	ketch.		2 M
6. I	Mention the necessity of pr	oviding corner reinforcement in two way slab.		2 M
7.	Mention the types of colum	nn based on materials.		2 M
8.	What are the functions of la	ateral reinforcement in column?		2 M
9. I	Define isolated and combin	ned footing.		2 M
10. H	Explain the terms flight and	d Rise.		2 M
		PART-B		
A	nswer the following. Eacl	n question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=	50M
11.A).	Explain about balanced design of reinforced con	I section as per working stress method and limit standardet structures.	te method for	10N
		OR	3	
11. B).	200mm, flange width 7	ed an ultimate moment of resistance of 450kNm. Its 50mm, slab thickness 100mm and total depth 550mm the section using M20 grade concrete and Fe415 s	n. Determine	10M
12. A).	Design the shear reinforpercentage of steel is 1.	orcement for a beam 350x550. The shear force is 67. Use M25 grade concrete and Fe415 steel.	125kN. The	10M
		OR		
12. B).	factored bending mome	ement required for a beam of size 300 X 600 mm sent of 150 KNm, factored shear force of 100 KN KNm. Use M20 grade of concrete and Fe 415 steel.	ubjected to a and factored	10M
13. A).	continuous tee beams.	of continuous one way slab for a class room floo The beams are spaced at 4mc/c. Take live load 2 d is 2.5kN/m ² . Use M20 grade concrete and Fe415 ste	.5kN/m ² and	10M
		OR		
13. B).	on all the four edges, w	ab for a room measuring 5m x 6m. The slab is simply ith corners held down and carries a super imposed in ishes. Use M25 grade concrete and Fe/15 HVSD begins in the super imposed in the super in the super imposed in the	load of 3.1k	10M

N/m² inclusive of floor finishes. Use M25 grade concrete and Fe415 HYSD bars.

14. A). Design an axially loaded column 400x400mm pinned at both ends with an unsupported length of 3m to carry a factored load of 2300kN. Use M 20 concrete and Fe 415 steel.

OR

- Design a rectangular column of 400 x 600mm size subjected to characteristic axial load of 2000kN. The column is unsupported length of 3m and is braced against the side sway in both directions. Use M 20 concrete and Fe 415 steel.
- 15. A). Design the footing for the following data:

 Axial Load on column = 2000 KN

 Column size = 400 x 600 mm

 SBC of soil = 150 kN /m²

 Concrete Mix = M20

 Steel Grade = Fe 415.

10M

OR

15. B). Design a dog legged stair case for an office building in a room measuring 3 m X 6 m (clear dimensions). Floor to floor height is 3.5 m. The building is a public building liable to overcrowding. Stairs are supported on brick walls 230 mm thick at the end of loadings. Use M20 concrete and Fe 415 steel.



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Geotechnical Engineering

(Civil Engineering)

Date: 28.06.2024 FN

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

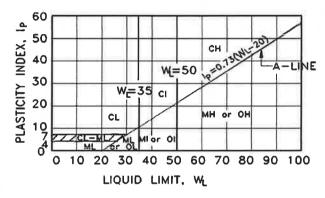
PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

1. The fine grained soil has liquid limit of 60 and plastic limit of 20. As per the plasticity chart, 2 M according to IS classification, the soil is represented by the letter symbols



2 M 2. Differentiate between Flocculated and dispersed structure of soil. What are the properties of flow net? Explain. 3. 2 M Differentiate between discharge velocity and seepage velocity with the help of diagram 2 M 4. Explain why optimum value of moisture content and maximum value of dry density is 5. 2 M considered. An elevated structure with total weight 13000kN is supported on a tower with four legs. The 2 M 6. four legs rest on piers located at the corners of a square 6m on a side. What is the vertical stress increment due to this loading at a point 6m beneath the centre of the structure? Differentiate between primary consolidation and secondary consolidation. 2 M 7. 8. List any four assumptions made in Terzaghi's theory of one-dimensional consolidation. 2 M 9. List the advantages of Triaxial shear test. 2 M For which type of samples Triaxial and direct shear test is preferred? 2 M **PART-B**

11.A). The Atterberg's limits for a clay soil used for an earth dam are liquid limit 60%, plastic limit 40%, and shrinkage limit 25%. If a specimen of the soil of volume 10cm³ at the liquid limit has a volume of 6.5 cm³ when dried, what would be the shrinkage ratio of soil particles?

OR

11. B). Explain with neat sketch structure of any two clay minerals.

Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

10M

5x10=50M

12. A). The hydraulic conductivity of a soil sample was determined in a soil mechanics laboratory by making use of a falling head permeameter. The data used and the test results obtained were as follows: diameter of sample = 5.36 cm, height of sample = 12.91 cm, diameter of stand pipe = 1.98 cm, initial head $h_0 = 44.3$ cm, final head $h_f = 29.87$ cm, time elapsed = 1 min 45 sec. Determine the permeability in m/day.

OR

12. B). Explain the characteristic and uses of a flow net with a neat sketch.

10M

13. A). What is the difference between compaction and consolidation? Explain. Draw and explain a typical graph of compaction curve. Explain the significance of zero air void line.

10M

OF

13. B). Explain Bousssinesq's stress theory for point load.

10M 10M

14. A). A saturated clay stratum 6m thick lies above an impervious stratum and below a pervious stratum. It has a compression index of 0.28 and coefficient of permeability of 3.77 x 10⁻⁶ m/sec. The void ratio at an initial stress of 136kN/m² is 1.84. The stress when increased to 201kN/m² the void ratio reduced to 1.818. Determine the time required for 40% consolidation.

OR

14. B). Following are the results of consolidation test on a soil sample of initial thickness 25 mm, water content of 42% and G=2.9. Calculate the void ratio corresponding to each pressure increment. The least count of dial gauge is 10⁻³ mm. Determine coefficient of volume compressibility and coefficient of compressibility for the pressure increment from 49 kN/m² to 98.1 kN/m².

						392.4
Change in dial guage reading	0	90	248	408	680	760

15. A). In an unconfined compression strength test a soil has failed at axial stress of 78kN/m². In a triaxial compression strength test the specimen of same soil when subjected to a cell pressure of 23kN/m² failed at an additional stress of 91kN/m². Determine shear strength parameters of the soil and the angle made by the failure plane with minor and major principal plane of the specimen by analytical method.

OR

15. B). What are the advantages of triaxial compression test over direct shear test? Direct shear stress test carried out on a cohesive soil sample gave the following results.

Test 1: Normal stress = 64kPa and Shear stress at failure = 134kPa

Test 2: Normal stress = 92kPa and Shear stress at failure = 150kPa

Estimate the shearing strength parameters. The same sample was subjected to triaxial test. Determine the deviator stress required to induce failure of the soil under a cell pressure of 21 kPa.



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Structural Analysis-II

(Civil Engineering)

Date: 03.07.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2 = 20M

1. Distinguish between Carryover factor and rotation factor.

2 M

2. What is the settlement of supports in Kani's method.

2 M 2 M

3. Classify the different types of two hinged arches.4. What is the effect of rib shortening in two hinged arch?

2 M

5. What are the assumptions made in the portal method?

2 M

6. What are the assumptions made in the cantilever method?

2 M

7. Define the terms Stiffness and Flexibility.

2 M

8. Distinguish between static and kinematic indeterminacy.

2 M

9. What are the uses of influence lines?

2 M

10. State the castigilano's second theorem.

2 M

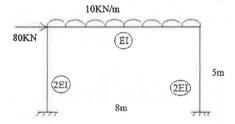
PART-B

Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

11.A). Analyze the frame by Moment distribution method. Draw the BMD also

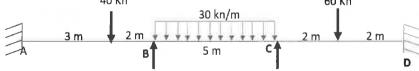
10M



OR

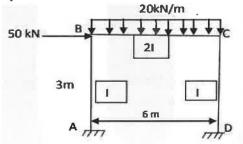
11. B). Draw the SFD and BMD for the continuous beam shown below using Kani's method.

10M

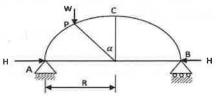


12. A). Analyze the frame by slope deflection method. Draw the BMD also

10M

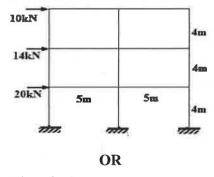


12. B). Determine the horizontal reaction in a semi-circular two hinged arch when a load 'W' acts at a point P as shown in figure below. Assume uniform flexural rigidity.



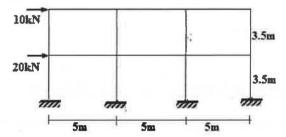
13. A). Analyze the frame using Cantilever method.

10M

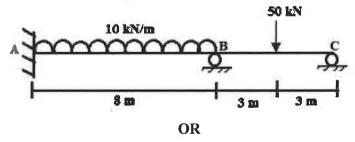


13. B). Analyze the frame using Portal method.

10M

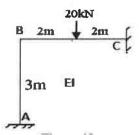


14. A). Analyze the continuous beam shown in figure using Flexibility method and draw the Bending moment diagram. Take EI as constant.



14. B). Analyze the frame by stiffness matrix method, and draw BMD. Take EI as constant.

10M



15. A). Two wheel loads 200 kN and 80kN spaced 0.8m apart roll on a girder of 20m. Find the maximum positive, negative shear force and maximum positive, negative bending moment at the center of the span.

OR

15. B). Derive Castigilano's second theorem. Mention the applications of the theorem.

10M

H.T No: Course Code: A30117



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS) B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024 Course Name: Transportation Engineering-I (Civil Engineering) Date: 12.07.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70 (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2 = 20M1. Define highway alignment. 2 M 2. Write the need of highway planning. 2 M 3. Define horizontal alignment. 2 M 4. Illustrate transition curves. 2 M 5. What is data collection in traffic surveys? 2 M 6. Write some traffic signs. 2 M 7. Define channelized intersections. 2 M 8. Recall the term grade intersection. 2 M 9. Mention the types of pavements. 2 M 10. What is the need of joint filler in pavements? 2 M **PART-B** Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=50M11.A). Describe with neat sketches, the various road patterns in detail. 10M OR 11. B). Discuss in detail the various engineering surveys done for highway. 10M A valley curve is formed due to two gradients +3.5% and -2.75%. if the design speed of 10M this highway is 80kmph, determine the stopping sight distance and design the valley curve to fulfill both comfort and head light distance conditions. What are the objectives of widening of road pavement at horizontal curves? Derive an 12. B). 10M expression for the extra widening. 13. A). Describe in detail about the parking studies and origin and destination studies along with 10M its applications in traffic engineering. OR Discuss with neat sketches, the various road markings and also write briefly about uses of 13. B). 10M traffic signs Discuss in detail the need of traffic islands an also explain with neat sketches various 14. A). 10M traffic islands. OR 14. B). Discuss in detail the rotary intersection with sketches and its applications 10M

Demonstrate the essential properties of good highway materials and also various tests 15. A). 10M done for materials.

OR

Discuss the design approach for the surface drainage system of highways

10M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Business Management & Financial Analysis

(Common for CE & CSD)

Do	(Common for CE & CSD) ate: 26.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max.I	Marks: 70
<u> </u>	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	10x2=20M
1. D	Define Management.	2 M
2. E	explain staffing function of Management.	2 M
3. S	tate the functions of PPC.	2 M
4. E	xplain Elements of Marketing Mix.	2 M
5. D	Differentiate between Micro & Macro Economics.	2 M
6. E	explain Deflation.	2 M
7. D	Differentiate between fixed costs and variable costs.	2 M
8. E	xplain the various types of competition.	2 M
9. W	Vrite two objectives of Business Enterprise.	2 M
10. W	Vhat is leverage? Explain?	2 M
An	PART-B aswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5	5x10=50M
11.A).	Explain Functions of Management.	10M
	OR	
11. B).	Discuss the contribution of Henry Fayol and F.W. Taylor to the field of Management.	10M
12. A).	-	10M
10 D)	OR •	103.4
12. B).	Describe the objectives of HR Management.	10M
13. A).	Elucidate the importance of National income.	10M
13. B).	OR What is demand Forecasting? Explain the types and methods of demand forecasting	10M
13. D).	what is demand Porceasting? Explain the types and methods of demand forceasting	TOIVI
14. A).	What do you mean by production Function? Discuss various assumptions and limitation	ns. 10M
(4 D)	OR	103.6
l4. B).	Describe the cost-output relationship in the long run.	10M
15. A).	Appraise the various profitability ratios and explain their importance in finan statement analysis.	cial 10M
	(P.T.	O)

15. B). The following information is available from the books of Anil co Ltd. for the year ending 10M

on December 31, 2023 Opening stock: 30,000 Purchases: 90,000

Sales: 130,000

Wages and Salaries: 18,000

Rent Expense: 15,000 Carriage Inwards: 3000 Carriage Outwards: 1,500 Office Supplies: 2,500

Depreciation on Furniture: 3,000

Bad Debts: 1,500

Provision for Doubtful Debts: 1000

Interest Received: 1,500 Discount Allowed: 1000 Discount Received: 800 Closing stock: 20,000

Taxation: 3,000

Prepare the Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account for Anil co Ltd.

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30211



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Power Systems-II

(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)

Date: 24.06.2024 FN

Time: 3 hours

Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)

PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks.

10x2=20M

1. What is the need of double circuit transmission line?

What are the advantages of bundled conductor?
 Define the wave length and velocity of propagation.

4. What is meant by surge impedance and SIL of long lines?

2 M

2 M

4. What is meant by surge impedance and SIL of long lines?
5. How the switching transients are severe in the power system?
2 M
5. What is meant by surge impedance and SIL of long lines?
2 M

6. What is meant by Ferranti effect? 2 M

7. What is the importance of static shielding provided on transmission? 2 M

what is the importance of static shielding provided on transmission?
What are the various factors that are affecting the sag in the transmission lines?
2 M
8. What are the various factors that are affecting the sag in the transmission lines?

9. Why the capacitance of an underground cable is very high than the capacitance of the 2 M

overhead lines?

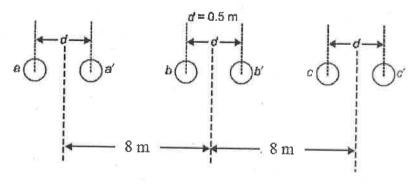
10. Why armouring is not done in single core cables?

2 M

PART-B
Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

11.A). A bundled conductor has two sub-conductors which are configured for a three-phase line as shown in the below figure. Compute inductive reactance per phase of this line at 50 Hz. Assume that radius of each sub-conductor is 30 mm and line is fully transposed.



OR

OR

11. B). Derive the expression for capacitance of three phase transposed line.

10M

12. A). Derive the mathematical modelling of medium transmission line using nominal T method.

10M

10M

12. B). A long transmission line delivers a load of 60 MVA at 132 kV, 50 Hz at 0.8 p.f lagging. Resistance of the line is 25.3 Ω , reactance is 66.5 Ω and its admittance due to line charging is $0.445 \times 10^{-3} mho$. (i) Find sending end voltage by rigorous solution (ii) regulation at no load and full load.

(P,T,Q,...)

13. A).	Derive the expression for transmitted and reflected voltages at the capacitive junction due to transients? Draw the voltage and current waves if the line is terminated with a capacitance.	10M
	OR	
13. B).	Explain various factors affecting corona.	10M
14. A).	Explain the effect of ice loading and wind pressure on sag of a transmission line?	10M
	OR	
14. B).	The self-capacitance of each unit in a string of three suspension insulation is C. The shunting capacitance of the connecting metal work of each insulator to earth is 0.15C while for line it is 0.1C. Calculate (i) The voltage across each insulator as a percentage of the line voltage to earth and (ii) string efficiency.	10M
15. A).	With neat diagram explain the constructional features of various types of cables.	10M
	OR	
15. B).	Define grading of a cable. The capacitances of a 3-phase belted cable are 12.6µF between the three cores bunched together and the lead sheath and 7.4µF between one core and the other two connected to sheath. Find the charging current drawn by the cable when connected to 66kV 50Hz star connected supply	10M

11.A).

11. B).

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

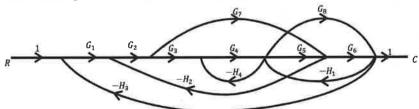
6.

7.

8.

9.

10.



12. A). Derive the expression for time response of second order under damped system for unit 10M step input and also draw the response curve.

OR

The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is $G(s) = \frac{10}{s(s+4)}$. Determine the 10M 12. B). nature of response of the closed loop system for a unit step input. Also determine the rise time, peak time, peak overshoot and settling time. (P.T.O..)

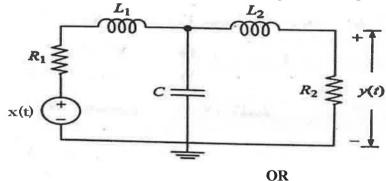
13. A). The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is given by is G(s) 10M = $\frac{K(S+9)}{S(S^2+4S+11)}$. Sketch the root locus and find the limiting value of K for the system stability.

OR

- 13. B). Draw the Bode plot for the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{16(1+0.5S)}{s^2(1+0.125S)(1+0.1S)}$ From graph Determine i) Gain cross over frequency ii) Phase cross over frequency iii) G.M and P.M iv) Stability of the system.
- 14. A). Sketch the Nyquist plot and comment on the stability of the closed loop system, Whose open loop transfer function is $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(S-4)}{(S+1)^2}$.

OR

- 14. B). The open loop transfer function of a unity feedback system is $G(s) = \frac{K}{S(S+1)(1+0.1s)}$. Design a phase lag compensator to meet the following specifications. (i) Velocity error constant $K_{\nu}=10$ (ii) Phase margin =35°. Also compare the cross over frequencies of the un compensated and compensated systems.
- 15. A). Obtain the state model and draw the state diagram for the given simple electrical system.



15. B). Examine the complete state controllability and observability for the system described as 10M

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{X}1\\ \dot{X}2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0\\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X1\\ X2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0\\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X1\\ X2 \end{bmatrix}$$



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)
Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

	B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June	e/July-2024
C	Course Name: Power System Protection	
D	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) Date: 28.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
<u>υ</u>	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
	What is Resistance Switching?	2 M
	State the principle of Arc extinction.	2 M
	What is meant by MHO relay?	2 M
	List out the merits of Static relays.	2 M
5. I	How do you protect generator against stator faults?	2 M
6. I	Mention different types of faults occur in generators.	2 M
7.	What are the functions of grounding in power system?	2 M
8.	What are the advantages of neutral grounding?	2 M
9. 1	Mention the importance of a lightning arrester.	2 M
10. I	List out the causes of over voltages in an electrical system.	2 M
	PART-B	
<u>A</u>	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	. Explain the terms recovery voltage, restriking voltage and RRRV. I for restriking voltage in terms of system capacitance and inductance. OR	Derive an expression 10M
11. B)		breaker. 10M
11. B)	A	
12. A)	OR	with a heat sketch.
12. B)		suitable diagram. 10M
13. A)	•	e of protection. The 10M and fault is 80%, the
	OR	
13. B)	i) Discuss the percentage differential protection scheme of a transform	er. 5M
	ii) Explain the working principle of buch-holtz relay with neat diagram	n. 5M
14. A)	Elaborate the effects of Ungrounded neutral on system performance.	10M
	OR	
14. B)	Discuss and compare the various methods of neutral grounding.	10M
15. A)). What are the various types of lighting arresters? Explain, with a neat of Zinc-Oxide lightning arrester.	sketch, the working 10M
	OR	
15. B).	i) Enumerate the basic concepts of insulation coordination.	5M
	ii)Write short notes on Basic impulse level and its significance.	5M



	CMR CO	LLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)	
	B.Tech V	/ Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024	
	Course Name: Power		(8
	Date: 01.07.2024 FN	(Electrical & Electronics Engineering) Time: 3 hours Max.Mark	s: 70
((4		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	-
		PART-A	
		Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=	=20M
1.	Define latching current a	nd holding current?	2 M
2.	What is the difference be	tween diode and thyristor?	2 M
3.	What is the function of fr	reewheeling diodes in controlled rectifier?	2 M
4.	Define input power facto	r in controlled rectifier and write its expression.	2 M
5.	What is the equation for RL load in continuous me	average output voltage of single phase full controlled rectifier with	2 M
6.	What is meant by Duty c		2 M
7.		on is required for step-up cyclo-converter?	2 M
8.		ge of step-up chopper where V_s is the source voltage and α as the	2 M
0.	duty cycle?	ge of step-up enopper where v _s is the source voltage and a as the	2 IVI
9.	What is sinusoidal PWM	technique?	2 M
10.		of a cycloconverter compared ac voltage controller.	2 M
		PART-B	
	Answer the following. Ea	ich question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	50M
11.A). Discuss different m characteristics.	nodes of operation of thyristors with the help of static VI	10M
		OR	
11. E	B). Explain the switching their applications to c	g characteristics of an IGBT, why are IGBTs becoming popular in ontrolled converters?	10M
12. A	The input voltage is	onverter has a RL load having L = 6.5 mH, R = 0.5 Ω and E = 10 V. Vs = 120 V at (r.m.s) 60 Hz. Determine: (i) The average thyristor syristor current I _R . (iii) The average output current I _{dc} .	10M
		OR	
12. B	, ·	principle of Single-phase Dual Converter using thyristor with both ating modes of operation and write its applications.	10M
13. A	a). i) Discuss the main cl commonly employed	assification of dc-to-dc thyristor converters. Which of these is more why?	5M
		ple of buck converter, derive an expression for its average dc output	5M

OR

With neat sketch draw the circuit diagram for buck boost converter and obtain the relation 13. B). 10M between duty ratio and average output voltage.

14. A). Discuss the principle of working a three-phase bridge inverter with an appropriate circuit diagram. Draw phase and line voltage waveforms on assumptions of each thyristor conducts for 180° and R load is star connected. The sequence of firing of various SCRs should also be indicated in the diagram.
OR
14. B). What is pulse width? List the various PWM Techniques. How do these differ from each other.

15. A). i) What is an AC Voltage controller? List some of its industrial applications. Enumerates

its merits and demerits.

ii) Describe the single-phase AC voltage controllers with both R and RL loads for 5M

11) Describe the single-phase AC voltage controllers with both R and RL loads for discontinues mode of operation.

OR

5M

15. B). Describe the basic principle of working of single phase to single phase step down cycloconverter for both continuous and discontinuous conduction for a bridge type cycloconverter. Mark the conduction of various thyristors also.



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Electrical Measurements

(Electrical & Electronics Engineering)

	Date: 03.07.2024 FN	Time: 3 hours M	ax.Marks	s: 70
		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=	20M
1.	List the precautions that ne	ed to be taken during the usage of potentiometers.		2 M
2.	Mention one advantage and	d disadvantage of A.C potentiometers.		2 M
3.	Why is the voltmeter-am resistance?	meter method unsuitable for the precise measurement	of low	2 M
4.	Explain the working princi	ple of Wheatstone's bridge.		2 M
5.	State the applications of a	Wein bridge.		2 M
6.	Name two bridges used to	measure capacitance.		2 M
7.	Explain how a Maxwell Br	idge is used for iron loss measurement.		2 M
8.	Explain "charge is proporti	onal to first swing of the moving coil".		2 M
9.	State difference between ar	nalog and digital instrument.		2 M
10.	Explain working of clamp-	on-meter.		2 M
		PART-B	.	503.5
	Answer the following. Eac	h question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=	50M

11.A). Derive an expression for the force of attraction between the plates in a parallel plate 10M electrostatic voltmeter.

OR

- 11. B). Explain the working of DC Crompton potentiometer with a neat circuit diagram 10M
- 12. A). Explain kelvin's double bridge for measurement of low resistance with neat circuit and phasor diagram.

OR

- 12. B). Explain measurement of unknown resistance and derive the balance conditions with 10M Wheatstone's bridge and state its limitations.
- 13. A). Sketch the circuit diagram of Anderson's bridge. Derive the equations for resistive and inductive components of the inductor to be measured.

OR

13. B). Explain Maxwell's inductance bridge for the measurement of inductance.

10M

The measured values of iron loss of a magnetic specimen of weight 15 kg are 19.8 W and 10M 14. A). 30 W at 40 Hz and 60 Hz respectively at a constant peak value flux density. Determine the values of hysteresis and eddy current losses in W/Kg at 50 Hz for the same value of flux density. OR Explain how hysteresis loop is determined by method of reversals with a neat connection 10M 14. B). diagram. 15. A). Explain the functioning of a successive approximation type digital voltmeter. 10M OR 15. B). Explain the principle and working of DSO with a neat block diagram? 10M

]	H.T No: R18 Course Code: A303	31
	CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS) B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024 Course Name: Dynamics of Machinery	
	(Mechanical Engineering)	
_	Date: 24.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max.Mark	s: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	
	PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
	Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=	-20M
1.	Define the terms static force analysis and June 1.	
2.	Define the terms static force analysis and dynamic force analysis.	2 M
3.	Why there is no effect of the gyroscopic couple acting on the body of a ship during rolling? Elaborate any two differences of flywheel and governor.	2 M
4.	State the Limitations of Watts Governor.	2 M
5.	Write the functions of a clutch.	2 M
	List out any four different types of brakes.	2 M
7.	Why balancing of masses is required in a shaft?	2 M
	Is complete balancing is possible in reciprocating masses? why?	2 M
9.	What do you mean by transmissibility in vibration?	2 M
	Formulate a relation for natural frequency of a cantilever beam.	2 M
10.	Tomulate a relation for natural frequency of a cantilever beam.	2 M
	PART-B	
A	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	50M
11.A)	Explain the effect of the gyroscopic couple and derive the expression on the reaction of the four wheels of a vehicle negotiating a curve.	10M
	OR	
11. B)). If the crank and the connecting rod are 400 mm and 1200 mm long, respectively, and the crank rotates at a constant speed of 300 r.p.m., Determine:1. The crank angle at which the acceleration is zero, and 2. Maximum velocity of the piston.	10M
12. A)	mm=600 N-m vertically and 1 mm=30° horizontally, the intercepted areas between the output torque curve and the mean resistance line, taken in order from one end as follows: +52, -124, +92, -140, +85, -72 and +107 mm², when the engine is running at a speed of	10M
	600 r.p.m. If the total fluctuation of speed is not to exceed \pm 1.5 % of the mean, find the necessary mass of the flywheel of radius 0.5m.	
12. B)	OR	
رد . ۲۰	A governor of the Proell type has each arm 250 mm long. The pivots of the upper and lower arms are 25 mm from the axis. The central load acting on the sleeve has a mass of	10M

12. B m the axis. The central load acting on the sleeve has a mass of 25 kg and the each rotating ball has a mass of 3.2 kg. When the governor sleeve is in midposition, the extension link of the lower arm is vertical and the radius of the path of rotation of the masses is 175 mm. The vertical height of the governor is 200 mm. If the governor speed is 160 r.p.m. when in mid-position, find:

i. Length of the extension link; and

ii. Tension in the upper arm.

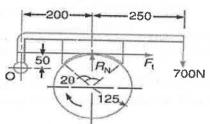
10M

10M

10M

OR

13. B). A single block brake is shown in Fig. The diameter of the drum is 250 mm and the angle of contact is 90°. If the operating force of 700 N is applied at the end of a lever and the coefficient of friction between the drum and the lining is 0.35, determine the torque that may be transmitted by the block brake.



All dimensions in mm.

14. A). Four masses A, B, C and D as shown below are to be completely balanced.

	A	В	С	D
Mass (kg)	***	30	50	40
Radius (m)	0.18	0.24	0.12	0.15

The places containing B and C are 0.3 m apart. The angle between planes containing B and C is 90°. B and C make angles of 210° and 120°, respectively with D in the same sense. Determine:

The magnitude of the angular position of mass A, and The positions of A and D.

OF

- 14. B). An inside cylinder locomotive has its cylinder centre lines 0.7 m apart and has a stroke of 0.6 m. The rotating masses per cylinder are equivalent to 150 kg at the crank pin, and the reciprocating masses per cylinder to 180 kg. The wheel centre lines are 1.5 m apart. The cranks are at right angles. The whole of the rotating and 2/3 of the reciprocating masses are to be balanced by masses placed at a radius of 0.6 m. Find the magnitude and direction of the balancing masses. Find the fluctuation in rail pressure under one wheel at a crank speed of 300 r.p.m.
- 15. A). A steel shaft 1.5 m long is 95 mm in diameter for the first 0.6 m of its length, 60 mm in diameter for the next 0.5 m of the length and 50 mm diameter for the remaining 0.4 m of its length. The shaft carries two flywheels at two ends, the first having a mass of 900 kg and 0.85 m radius of gyration located at the 95 mm diameter end and the second having a mass of 700 kg and 0.55 m radius of gyration located at the other end. Determine the location of the node and the natural frequency of free torsional vibration of the system. The modulus of rigidity of shaft material can be taken as 80 GN/m².

OR

15. B). Discuss Dunkerley's method to find the natural frequency of a shaft carrying several loads.



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Manufacturing Technology

	Course Name: Manufacturing Technology	
	Date: 26.06.2024 FN (Mechanical Engineering Time: 3 hours	g) Max.Marks: 70
5	(Note: Assume suitable data if n PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Com Each question carries TWO m	ecessary) pulsory)
	Each question carries I wo in	
1.	Mention the specifications of lathe.	2 M
2.	Define the term "machine tool."	2 M
3.	Mention the specifications of drilling machine.	2 M
4.	Differentiate between jig and fixture.	2 M
5.	Compare planning &slotting operations.	2 M
6.	Mention the principal parts of shaping machine	2 M
7.	Difference between up milling and down milling.	2 M
8.	Mention milling machine accessories	2 M
9.	Mention the purpose of a grinding operation.	2 M
10.	Mention different types of bonding in grinding operation.	2 M
	PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A	A). Sketch and explain the working principle and parts of lather	. 10M
	OR	,
11. E	B). Sketch the taper turning and thread cutting operations.	10M
12. <i>A</i>	A). Sketch and explain the parts of the radial drilling machine.	10M
	OR	
12. E	B). Sketch the cutting operations performed by drilling machin	e. 10M
13. <i>A</i>	A). Explain the kinematic system of shaping machine.	10M
	OR	
13. E	B). Explain the kinematic system of planning machine.	10M
14. <i>A</i>	A). Sketch and explain the horizontal milling machine and discontant of the contant of the conta	uss method of indexing. 10M
14. E	B). Explain gear milling and gear broaching operations.	10M
15. A	A). With neat sketch explain the constructional features of broad OR	ching machine. 10M
15. E		10M
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H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30334



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

	Course Name: Thermal Engineering	
3	(Mechanical Engineering) Date: 28.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	Bar I wo
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	x.Marks: 70
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	State the methods of increasing the thermal efficiency of a Rankine cycle.	2 N
	Define regeneration process.	2 N
	Write the equation for condenser efficiency.	2 M
	Explain critical pressure ratio of steam nozzle.	2 M
	Explain the impulse turbine with velocity diagram.	2 M
	Explain the reaction turbine with mechanical details.	2 M
	Write the operation of combustion chamber in gas turbine.	2 M
8.	What do you understand by Ideal cycle of gas turbine?	2 M
9.	Define propulsive efficiency of jet propulsion system.	2 M
10.	Define thermal efficiency of jet propulsion system.	2 M
	PART-B	
A	nswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	What is the effect of reheat on: (i) Specific output (ii) Cycle efficiency (iii) Steam rat Heat rate.	re (iv) 10M
	OR	
11. B).	Explain the Boiler mountings and accessories.	10M
12. A).	Explain about the classification of condensers.	10M
	OR	1010
12. B).		10M
13. A).	Describe the use of combined velocity triangle of an impulse turbine.	
	OR	10M
13. B).	A stage of steam turbine with Parson blading delivers dry, saturated steam at 2.7 bar the fixed blades at 90 m/s. The mean blade height is 40 mm and the moving blades angle is 20°. The axial velocity of steam is three quarter of the blade velocity at the radius. The steam is supplied to the stage at the rate of 9000 kg/h. The effect of the tip thickness on the annulus area can be neglected. Calculate: (i) The rotational specthe wheel. (ii) The diagram power. (iii) The diagram efficiency. (iv) The enthalpy drot the steam in this stage.	exit nean plade
14. A).	Briefly explain about Reheat cycle gas turbine with neat sketch.	10) (
	OR	10M
14. B).	Derive the efficiency of a simple gas turbine.	1034
15. A).	Derive the equation for thrust and thrust power in jet propulsion.	10M
	OR	10M
15. B).	What are the field applications of rocket engines?	1014
		10M

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30335



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Machine Design

Why camber is provided in leaf spring?

(Mechanical Engineering)

Date: 01.07.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max.Marks: 70

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A

Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)

Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=20M

1. What are the various manufacturing considerations used in designing of machine component. 2 M What are important mechanical properties of materials used in design? 2 M 2. 2 M Why riveted joints are preferred over welded joints in aircraft body? 3. 2 M 4. What types of riveted joints are used for boiler joints? 5. Distinguish the term 'Design for strength' and 'Design for rigidity' in a shaft Design. 2 M Shafts are always of uniform circular cross section. True or false. Justify. 2 M 6. 2 M 7. Define hydrostatic lubrication. 8. What is journal bearing? List any two applications. 2 M 2 M 9. Define spring rate and spring Index of a helical spring.

PART-B
Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.

5x10=50M

2 M

10M

11.A). i) List the important factors that influence the magnitude of factor of safety.

ii) What are the different types of loads that can act on machine components?

OR

OF

i) What are the general procedure involved in machine design?ii) What are the factors that govern selection of materials while designing a machine component?

12. A). i) A plate 100 mm wide and 10 mm thick is to be welded to another plate by means of double parallel fillets. The plates are subjected to a static load of 80 kN. Find the length of weld if the permissible shear stress in the weld does not exceed 55 MP?

ii) What are the common materials used in mechanical engineering design?

5M

OR

12. B). A mild steel cover plate is to be designed for an inspection hole in the shell of a pressure vessel. The hole is 120 mm in diameter and the pressure inside the vessel is 6 N/mm2. Design the cover plate along with the bolts. Assume allowable tensile stress for mild steel as 60 MPa and for bolt material as 40 MPa.

13. A). A shaft is required to transmit 16 KW at 500 rpm. Select a suitable key of rectangular cross section, if the hub length 60 mm. Take allowable shear and crushing stresses for material used as 72 MPa and 140 MPa respectively.

OR

- 13. B). A shaft transmits power 2 KW at 150 rpm from the electric motor head stock of lathe by means of a vertical belt drive. The co-efficient of friction for the belt for the belt is 0.3 and the angle of wrap is 1800. The weight of the pulley is 150N. the shaft material has ultimate stress is 770 N/mm2, yield stress is 560 N/mm2. Kb = Kt = 1.5. Determine the shaft diameter.
- i) Enumerate the detail steps involved in the selection of bearings from the manufacturer's catalogue.
 ii) Design a journal bearing for 12 MW, 1000 rpm steam turbine, which is supported by two bearings. Take the atmospheric temperatures as 60°C. Assume viscosity of oil as 23 centistokes.

OR

- 14. B). Load on a hydrodynamic full journal bearing is 30 kN. The diameter and speed of the shaft are 150 mm and 1200 mm respectively. Diametral clearance 0.2 mm. Sommerfield number is 0.631. L/D ratio 1:1. Calculate temperature rise of oil, quantity of the oil, heat generated and type of oil required.
- 15. A). Design of helical compression spring to sustain an axial load of 4 kN. The deflection is 80 mm. Spring index is 6. The shear stress is not to exceed 350 MPa. Rigidity modulus for spring material is 81 GPa.

OR

15. B). Design a leaf spring for a truck to the following specifications. Maximum load on the spring = 140KN, number of springs = 4, material of springs is chrome vanadium steel, permissible tensile stress = 600 N/mm 2 Maximum number of leaves = 10, span at spring = 1000mm, permissible deflection = 80mm, young's modulus of the spring = 200KN/mm2.

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A30414



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS) B. Tech V Semester Sunnlementary Framination

(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks. 1. Define accuracy and sensitivity. 2. Define the terms in context of normal frequency distribution of data i) Average Deviation, ii) Standard Deviation. 3. What is meant by Harmonic Distortion? 4. What is sweep frequency generator? 5. What is the function of electron gun? 6. How many cycles of an 8 KHz sinusoidal signal appear on CRO screen if the sweep frequency is 2 KHz? 7. What is strain gauge? 8. Compare the transducer and sensor. 9. List the limitations of Wheatstone bridge. 10. What is the method for the measurement of Liquid level? PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=5i 11.A). 1) List out the different types of errors and explain them? ii) A Volt meter is accurate to 98% of full-scale reading a) If a voltmeter reads 200V and 500V range, what is the Absolute error? b) What is the % Error reading of Part-i. OR 11.B). i) Discuss about D'Arsonval movement. ii) How do we extended the range of voltage and current meters? 12. A). Explain the operation of Spectrum Analyzer with the help of block diagram and state the application of spectrum analyzer. OR 12. B). With a neat diagram explain the working of Pulse and Square wave generators. 13. A). i) Discuss about delay lines in CRO. ii) What is the use of Vertical amplifier in CRO? OR		(Electronics & Communication Engineering) Date: 24.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max.Mar	ke• 70
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OR 12. B). With a neat diagram explain the working of Pulse and Square wave generators. 13. A). i) Discuss about delay lines in CRO. ii) What is the use of Vertical amplifier in CRO? OR	11. B).	 a) If a voltmeter reads 200V and 500V range, what is the Absolute error? b) What is the % Error reading of Part-i. OR i) Discuss about D'Arsonval movement. 	6M
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ii) What is the use of Vertical amplifier in CRO? OR	12. A).	a) If a voltmeter reads 200V and 500V range, what is the Absolute error? b) What is the % Error reading of Part-i. OR i) Discuss about D'Arsonval movement. ii) How do we extended the range of voltage and current meters? Explain the operation of Spectrum Analyzer with the help of block diagram and state the application of spectrum analyzer. OR	6M 5M 5M
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13. B). Explain the operation of campling accillations of the contract of the	12. A). 12. B).	a) If a voltmeter reads 200V and 500V range, what is the Absolute error? b) What is the % Error reading of Part-i. OR i) Discuss about D'Arsonval movement. ii) How do we extended the range of voltage and current meters? Explain the operation of Spectrum Analyzer with the help of block diagram and state the application of spectrum analyzer. OR With a neat diagram explain the working of Pulse and Square wave generators. i) Discuss about delay lines in CRO. ii) What is the use of Vertical amplifier in CRO?	5M 5M 10M
	12. A). 12. B).	a) If a voltmeter reads 200V and 500V range, what is the Absolute error? b) What is the % Error reading of Part-i. OR i) Discuss about D'Arsonval movement. ii) How do we extended the range of voltage and current meters? Explain the operation of Spectrum Analyzer with the help of block diagram and state the application of spectrum analyzer. OR With a neat diagram explain the working of Pulse and Square wave generators. i) Discuss about delay lines in CRO. ii) What is the use of Vertical amplifier in CRO?	5N 5N 10M 10M 5M

14. A).	Construct the LVDT and Explain the method of measuring displacement using LVDT.	10M
	OR	20111
14. B).	i) What is a transducer? Explain the working of Variable Capacitance transducer. ii) A 100Ω strain gauge with a gauge factor of 1 is affixed to a metal bar. The bar is stretched and this causes a change in resistance of 0.001Ω . Find the change in length if the original length is 10cm.	5M 5M
15. A).	Construct the circuit and derive the condition of balance for a Maxwell's bridge.	10M
15. B).	OR What is Data Acquisition system? Explain with block diagram and applications of the data acquisition system.	10M
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CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

	B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024 Course Name: Antenna & Wave Propagation	
	(Electronics & Communication Engineering)	
]	Date: 26.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max.Mark	ks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
		=20M
1.	Define Directivity.	2 M
2.	What are the different types of aperture?	2 M
3.	What is meant by uniform linear array?	2 M
4.	What is Broad side array?	2 M
5.	Explain why an antenna using a parabolic reflector is likely to be highly directive receiving antenna.	2 M
6.	Mention the properties of patch antennas.	2 M
7.	Why Yagi antenna is preferred in television receivers?	2 M
8.	List the applications of Helical Antenna.	2 M
9.	Define Ground Wave.	2 M
10.	In which frequency range Sky wave propagation is useful.	2 M
	PART-B	
<u> </u>	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	=50M
11.A)	i) Explain about loop antenna in detail.	5M
	ii) Explain the terms isotropic source, power gain, directivity and HPBW.	5M
	OR	
11. B). i) Explain the radiation mechanism in short dipole.	5M
	ii) Explain the following: (a) Main lobes and side lobes (b) Beamwidth.	5M
12. A). Draw the block diagram of yagi-uda antenna and explain its design procedure. OR	10M
12. B). i) Explain the operation of helical antenna and give the applications.	5M
	ii) Explain the salient features of horn antenna.	5M
13. A). Explain the Microstrip Antenna feeding techniques. What are the advantages and limitaions of MSA?	10M
	OR	
13. B		10M
	(P.T.O)	

14. A).	Explain various antenna gain measurement techniques.	10M
	OR	
14. B).	Find the array factor and nulls of pattern for a four element array of isotropic sources with spacing of $d=\lambda/4$ along the z axis. The excitation coefficient of even elements is -1 and where as that of odd elements is 1.	10M
15. A).	What is M-Curves and explain Duct propagation?	10M
	OR	
15. B).	i) Explain the effect of wave tilt in Ground wave propagation.	5M
	ii) Explain the sky wave propagation.	5M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

TO-	(Electronics & Communication Engineering)	
Da	ate: 28.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours (Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	Max.Marks: 70
	PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
	Each question carries 1 wo marks.	10.22-20.141
1. D	Define Virtual ground property of an Op-Amp.	2 N
2. W	What are the important blocks are available in voltage regulators?	2 N
3. W	What are the advantages of Active filters?	- 2 N
4. D	Define capture and lock range.	2 N
5. L	ist direct type and indirect type ADC's.	2 N
6. D	Define resolution and settling time.	2 N
7. D	Define decoder with block diagram.	2 N
3. D	Define Magnitude comparator.	2 N
). D	Draw the truth table of JK flip flop.	2 N
10. W	Vhat are types of ROMs & Applications of ROMs?	2 M
Δn	PART-B	5×10=50M
<u>An</u>	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configu	5x10=50M arations with neat 10
	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurations.	
	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurations. OR	urations with neat 10
1.A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and application.	urations with neat 10
1.A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and applications	urations with neat 10
1.A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and applications. Design a circuit for generating a square wave using op-amp. OR	urations with neat 10.
1. A). 1. B). 2. A). 2. B).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and applications. Design a circuit for generating a square wave using op-amp. OR Describe the operation of monostable multivibrator using IC 555.	urations with neat 10 s. 10
1.A). 1.B). 2.A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and applications. Design a circuit for generating a square wave using op-amp. OR Describe the operation of monostable multivibrator using IC 555.	urations with neat 10 s. 10
1. A). 2. A). 2. B). 3. A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and application. Design a circuit for generating a square wave using op-amp. OR Describe the operation of monostable multivibrator using IC 555. Explain the R-2R Ladder type DAC with neat diagram. OR	urations with neat 10. 10. 10. 10. 10.
1. A). 1. B). 2. A). 2. B). 3. A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and application. Design a circuit for generating a square wave using op-amp. OR Describe the operation of monostable multivibrator using IC 555. Explain the R-2R Ladder type DAC with neat diagram. OR Explain the working of successive approximation type ADC.	10. s. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10
1. A). 1. B). 2. A). 3. A). 4. A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and application. Design a circuit for generating a square wave using op-amp. OR Describe the operation of monostable multivibrator using IC 555. Explain the R-2R Ladder type DAC with neat diagram. OR Explain the working of successive approximation type ADC. Give the classification of integrated circuits and compare the various log OR	urations with neat 10 s. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
— 11.A).	Describe the operation of Inverting & Non-Inverting Op-Amp configurable sketches. OR Describe the operation of comparator with neat sketches and application. Design a circuit for generating a square wave using op-amp. OR Describe the operation of monostable multivibrator using IC 555. Explain the R-2R Ladder type DAC with neat diagram. OR Explain the working of successive approximation type ADC. Give the classification of integrated circuits and compare the various log OR Design a 4-bit parallel full adder with look ahead carry scheme.	10 s. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

(P.T.O..)

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 $0.9 \le |H(e^{j\Omega})| \le 1$

for $0 \le \Omega \le 0.2\pi$

 $|H(e^{j\Omega})| \leq 0.2 \text{ for } 0.4 \pi \leq \Omega \leq \pi$

14. A).	Design a linear phase FIR filter with the magnitude response	10M
	$H(e^{j\Omega}) = 1 \text{ for } \Omega \le \pi/4$	
	$=0 \ for \ \pi/4 \le \Omega \le \pi$	
	Use Rectangular window. The length of the impulse response is limited to 7. Find t magnitude response of designed filter.	ů.
	OR	
14. B).	Compare IIR and FIR filters.	10M
15. A).	Explain sampling rate conversion by a rational factor I/D in Multirate signal processing	10M
	with a neat block diagram.	
	OR	
15. B).	i) What are the effects of finite word length in digital filters?	5M
	ii) Explain limit cycles in recursive structures.	5M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS) B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

(Course Name: Computer Networks	.,	
T	(Common for CSE, IT, CSM, CSD & AID) Date: 24.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	May Mayl	70
((Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	Max.Marl	<u>KS: 70</u>
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=	=20M
	Write the advantages of optical fiber over twisted-pair and coaxial cables.		2 M
2.	What is ARP?	*	2 M
	Define piggybacking.		2 M
	What is Ethernet?	*	2 M
5.	Give the advantages of hierarchical routing.		2 M
6.	Write any two services of network layer provides to transport layer.		2 M
	What is transport protocol?		2 M
	Compare port and protocol.		2 M
	What is Resource records?		2 M
10.	State multimedia.		2 M
A	PART-B .nswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5.10	CO3 4
	above the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=	-201AT
11.A).	i) Describe the characteristics of layered architecture.ii) Compare and contrast the OSI and TCP/IP reference model.		5M 5M
	OR		
11. B)	* * *		5M
	ii) Differentiate radio and microwave transmission in unguided media.	8	5M
12. A)	. i) What are the different types of error detection methods?		5M
	ii) Explain the CRC error detection technique using generator polynomia data 11100011.	$1 \times ^{4} + x^{3} + 1$ and	5M
	OR		
12. B).			5M
	ii) Write about CSMA with collision detection.		5M
13. A).	What is a routing algorithm? Explain in detail anyone routing algorithm. OR		10M
13. B).			5M
	ii) Write a note on load shedding.	4	5M
14. A).	Explain the connection establishment and release in transport layer.		
	OR	¥ =	10M
14. B).			5 N A
- /-	ii) Describe the TCP connection management.		5M 5M
		(P.T.O)	2171
		(2.12.0.1)	

	i) Write a detail note on DNS server.		5M
	ii) Write any 10 domain names and explain the purpose of each of them.	(9)	5M
	OR		
15. B).	Explain about Email with different architecture.	2	10M

Construct Mealy and Moore machines for the following processes: 10M 11. B). For input from $(0 + 1)^*$, if the input ends in 101, output A; if the input ends in 110, output B;Otherwise output C.?

12. A). Construct the regular expression for the given DFA.

OR

Prove that the following languages are not regular by using pumping lemma. 12. B). i) $L = \{a^p \mid \text{where p is a prime}\}.$

10M

10M

ii) $L = \{ a^n b^n | n > 0 \}$

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13. A).	Construct PDA generating L= {WCW ^R / W \in {a, b}*}, W ^R is the reverse of W.	10M
	OR	
13. B).	Convert the following PDA into its equivalent CFG. The transition function is defined as: $ \delta(q0\ ,0\ ,Z) = \{(q0\ ,0Z)\} $ $ \delta(q0\ ,0\ ,0) = \{\ (q0\ ,00)\} $ $ \delta(q0\ ,1\ ,0) = \{\ (q1\ ,\epsilon)\} $ $ \delta(q1\ ,1\ ,0) = \{\ (q1\ ,\epsilon)\} $ $ \delta\ (q1\ ,\epsilon,Z) = \{\ (q2\ ,\epsilon)\} $	10M
14. A).	i) Convert the given CFG to CNF $S \rightarrow a \mid aA \mid B$	5M
	$A \rightarrow aBB \mid \epsilon$	
	$B \rightarrow Aa \mid b$ ii) Let G be S $\rightarrow AB$, A $\rightarrow a$, B $\rightarrow C/b$, C $\rightarrow D$, D $\rightarrow E$ and E $\rightarrow a$ Eliminate unit productions and get an equivalent grammar.	5M
	OR	
14. B).	i) Convert the grammar into GNF S→ABb a, A→aaA B, B→bAb	5M
	ii) Show that the following is not context-free language. $L = \{a^i b^j c^k \mid i < j < k\}$	5M
15. A).	i) Design TM which will recognize strings containing equal number of 0's and 1's.	5M
	ii) Design TM that accepts the language 00*.	5M
	OR	
15. B).	i) Discuss about universal Turing Machine.	5M
	ii) Define post's correspondence problem and show that it is undecidable.	5M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Operating Systems

Dat	te: 01.07.2024 FN	(Common for CSE & IT) Time: 3 hours	Aax.Marks: 70
3		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
		Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
. Di	scuss batch Operating s	ystems.	2 N
. Lis	st any four types of syst	em calls.	2 N
. De	efine process. What is th	e information maintained in a PCB?	2 N
. Di	stinguish between preer	nptive and non-preemptive scheduling techniques.	2 N
. Ex	xplain safe state and uns	afe state.	2 N
. De	efine semaphores.		2 N
. De	efine swapping.		2 N
. Ex	xplain the basic approacl	n of page replacement.	2 N
. De	efine Free space manage	ement.	2 1
0. Lis	st any four common file	types and their extensions.	2 1
		PART-R	
Ans	swer the following. Eac	PART-B ch question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
		ch question carries TEN Marks.	
Ans			5x10=50M
	Explain the structures	of Operating system with a neat diagram.	
1.A).	Explain the structures Explain how operating	of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR	10
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following milliseconds:	of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in	10.
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following	of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in	10
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following milliseconds: Process Burst-Time P1 27 P2 12	ch question carries TEN Marks. of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR g system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in Priority 5 1	10
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following milliseconds: Process Burst-Time P1 27 P2 12 P3 37	ch question carries TEN Marks. of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in Priority 5 1 2	10
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following milliseconds: Process Burst-Time P1 27 P2 12 P3 37 P4 19	ch question carries TEN Marks. of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR g system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in Priority 5 1 2 4	10
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following milliseconds: Process Burst-Time P1 27 P2 12 P3 37 P4 19 P5 10	ch question carries TEN Marks. of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR g system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in Priority 5 1 2 4 3	10 10 1
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following milliseconds: Process Burst-Time P1 27 P2 12 P3 37 P4 19 P5 10 The processes are assistance.	ch question carries TEN Marks. of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR g system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in Priority 5 1 2 4 3 umed to have arrived in the order P1, P2, P3, P4, P5 all a	10 10 10 11 10 1t time 0.
1.A). 1. B).	Explain the structures Explain how operating Consider the following milliseconds: Process Burst-Time P1 27 P2 12 P3 37 P4 19 P5 10 The processes are assurbance of the processes are assurba	ch question carries TEN Marks. of Operating system with a neat diagram. OR g system services are provided by system calls. g set of processes, with the length of the CPU burst given in Priority 5 1 2 4 3	10 10 10 at time 0. following

OR

12. B). Describe the differences among long-term scheduling, short-term and medium-term 10M scheduling.

13. A).	Explain Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance with an example.	10M
	OR	
13. B).	Describe the following IPC mechanisms	10M
	i) Shared Memory ii) Message Queues.	
14. A).	Define paging? Explain Page Structure and Translation Look Aside Buffer.	10M
	OR	
14. B).	Consider the following reference string 7,0,1,2,0,3,0,4,2,3,0,3,2,1,2,0,1,7,0,1.	10M
*	Assume there are three Frames which are initially empty. Using optimal page replacement	
	algorithm determines the number of page faults for the reference string above.	
15. A).	List the different File allocation method and explain in detail with an example.	10M
	OR	
15. B).	Explain different File access methods with an example.	10M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Co	ourse Name: Artific	(Common for CSE & IT)	
Da	te: 03.07.2024 FN	Time: 3 hours Max.Mark	s: 70
		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
		Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2=	=2UIVI
1. D	efine Artificial Intellig	ence. And List down few applications of A.I.	2 M
2. W	hat are the different ty	rpes of agents?	2 M
3. D	efine constraint satisfa	ction problem.	2 M
4. W	hat is propositional log	gic?	2 M
5. W	hat is ontological engi	neering?	2 M
6. H	ow Knowledge is repre	esented?	2 M
7. D	efine planning.		2 M
8. W	hat are the component	s of a planning system?	2 M
9. D	efine Baye's theorem.		2 M
10. B	riefly explain about co	mponents of learning system.	2 M
		PART-B	
An	swer the following. E	ach question carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	=50M
11 (1)	Evaluin informed sec	arch strategies with an example.	10M
11.A).	Explain informed sea	OR	101
11. B).	them. There is endle	a 5-Liters (5-L) and other 3-Liters (3-L) with no measuring marker on ss supply of water through tap. The task is to get 4-Liters of water in cribe the state space and production rules and find the solution path.	10N
12. A).	Give algorithm for p	ropositional resolution and Unification algorithm. OR	10M
12. B).	Discuss constraint saproblem.	atisfaction problem with an algorithm for solving a Cryptarithmetic	⁻ 10M
13. A).	i) Anyone whom Ma ii) Any student who iii) John is a student.	g into FOL and use resolution to prove the conclusion. ry loves is a football star. does not pass does not play. o does not play is not a football star. (Conclusion) If John does not	10M
	study, then Mary doe		
10 P)	XX7 *4 - X	OR	101
13. B).	write short notes on	Backward Chaining and explain with example. (P.T.O)	10N

14. A).	Explain about Hierarchical planning method with example.	10M
	OR	
14. B).	How to define the planning acting in non-deterministic domain?	10M
15. A).	Explain about decision tree learning or ID3 algorithm.	10M
	OR -	
15. B).	Construct a Bayesian Network and define the necessary CPTs for the given scenario. We have a bag of three biased coins a,b and c with probabilities of coming up heads of 20%,	10M
	60% and 80% respectively. One coin is drawn randomly from the bag (with equal	
	likelihood of drawing each of the three coins) and then the coin is flipped three times to	
	generate the outcomes X1, X2 and X3.	

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A31201



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Automata & Compiler Design

(Common for IT & CSC)

D	(Common for IT & CSC) ate: 26.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks	. 70
<u>D</u>	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	WIAX.WIAFKS	- 70
	PART-A		
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	10.0.0	.07.7
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=2	20M
7	What is language translator?		2 M
·	How will you define a Context free grammar?		2 M
E	Explain about handle pruning.		2 M
I	List down the conflicts during shift-reduce parsing.		2 M
(Classify, the two rules for type checking.		2 M
. I	Define type-2 grammars.		2 M
	What are the limitations of static allocation?		2 M
. E	Explain about basic blocks.		2 M
E	Explain principle uses of registers in code generator.		2 M
). E	Explain the following terms: a) Register Descriptor b) Address Descripto	r.	2 M
	PART-B		
A	nswer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=5	0M
1.A).	000, 001, 0000, 0001,}. ii) Design a DFA that accepts the language over = {a, b} of all strin		5M 5M
	sub-string either aa or bb. OR		
1. B).			5M
ı. <i>D</i> j.	ii) Design CFG for the language $\{0n \mid n \mid n \ge 1\}$		5M
2. A).	. What is Bottom Up Parsing?show the Stack implementation of Shift the input= $(id*id)+id$ $E \rightarrow E+T T$ $T \rightarrow T*F F$ $F \rightarrow (E) id$ OR	Reduce Parser for	10M
2. B).	. Construct the SDD and SDT for desktop calculator.		10M
3. A).	Explain the Chomsky hierarchy for the Languages OR		10M
3. B).	What is Type System? Discuss static and dynamic Checking of types?		10M
1. A).	. Explain the different storage allocation strategies.		10M
	OR		
ł. B).	Explain the principle sources of optimization in detail.		10M
i. A).	Distinguish machine dependent and machine independent optimization.		10M
	OR		
5. B).	Explain an algorithm for building a DAG from a basic Block. *****		10M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024
Course Name: Cryptography & Network Security

		graphy & Network Security (CSC)	
]	Date: 24.06.2024 FN		.Marks: 70
		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
		Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
		Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.		umber and write an example.	2 N
2.	Evaluate 3 ³¹ mod 7.	*	2 N
3.	What are the drawbacks of		2 M
١.		otography and Stenography.	2 M
5.		f public key cryptography.	2 M
5.	Define hash function and	list out hash algorithms.	2 M
7.	Define digital signature.		2 M
3.	List out different key dist	ribution techniques.	2 M
9.		sport mode and tunnel mode.	2 M
0.	What is the need for SPI i	n IPSec?	2 M
		PART-B	
A	Answer the following. Ea	ch question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A)	. Explain different categ	gories of security attacks.	10M
		OR	
[1. B]). Describe the Chinese	remainder theorem.	10M
2. A). Describe the block cip	her modes of operation with their advantages and disadvantage OR	s. 10M
2. B)). Explain AES structure	and transformation functions.	10M
3. A)). Explain the step wise j	procedure of SHA.	10M
		OR	1014.
3. B)	. Explain RSA algorithm	n and evaluate d and c for given p=3, q=11, e=7 and M=5.	10M
4. A)	. Explain X.509 certification	ation format of version 3.	10M
		OR	
4. B)	. i) Describe the Schnor	r digital signature scheme.	5M
	ii) Describe simple dia	logue of kerberos for providing authentication.	5M
5. A)	. Explain the operationa	l description of pretty good privacy.	10M
		OR	
5. B)	. i) Explain about SSL re	ecord protocol.	5M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

(CSC) Date: 01.07.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	
	Max.Marks: 70
(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	
1. Define Clustering with example.	2 M
 Write different types of Attacks. 	2 M
3. Outline types of Intrusions.	2 M
4. Define Cooperative Intrusion.	2 M
5. Define Intrusion Detection Security.	2 M
6. What is Quantifying risk?	2 M
7. What is Snorts Intrusion Detection?	2 M
8. Write about Tool Selection Process.	2 M
9. Write about Legal Issues.	2 M
10. Give Short note on Organizations Standards.	2 M
PART-B	· ·
Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A). i) What is the difference between IPS and IDS?	5M
ii) Explain about Hybrid Detection.	5M
OR	
11. B). Illustrate on Taxonomy of anomaly detection system.	10M
12. A). Explain about centralized Intrusion Detection Tiered architecture.	10M
OR	
12. B). Outline Distributed Intrusion Detection Tiered architecture.	10M
13. A). Explain about Threat Briefing.	10M
OR	
13. B). Explain Return on Investment.	10M
14. A). Outline Bro Intrusion Detection.	10M
OR	
14. B). Explain about NFR Security.	10M
15. A). Illustrate Law Enforcement.	10M
OR	1010
15. B). Explain about Evidentiary Issues.	10M
	101.2



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Web Technologies

	Course Name: Web T	echnologies (CSC)	
	Date: 03.07.2024 FN	Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
		(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
		Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	List various String Funct	ions in PHP.	2 N
2.	Design a PHP code to sw	vap any two numbers.	2 N
3.	Define image tag with an	example.	2 N
4.	Define naming rules in X	KML.	2 N
5.	What are the Difference 1	between Generic Servlet and HTTPServlet?	2 N
6.	What is Session?	•	2 N
7.	What are the Beans in jsp	page?	2 N
8.	Explain about Scriptlet T	ag.	2 M
9.	What is DATE object in .	JavaScript?	2 M
10.	Define Event. How event	ts are handled in JavaScript.	2 N
		PART-B	
30	Answer the following. Ea	ach question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A). Explain database com	nectivity in PHP with reference to MYSQL.	101
		OR	
11. E	3). How to read data from	n web form control like Check boxes explain with an	example? 10M
12. A	A). How can both Interr Example.	nal and External DTDs be used in an XML File?	Show with an 10N
		OR ·	
12. B). Define Table tag and	their attributes with an example.	10M
13. A	.). i) What are the advant	tages of Servlets over CGI?	5N
	ii) Explain Life Cycle		5N
		OR	
13. B). What is JDBC? How	to connecting to a database using JDBC?	10M
14. A			10N
	, 1	OR	1011
14. B). Explain about the getI	Property() and setProperty() of beans in jsp.	10M
15. A). i) What is JavaScript?	What are the features of JavaScript?	5M
	•	ot to display whether given number is prime or not. OR	5N
15. B). i) What is the need of	scripting languages in web Technologies?	5M
	, ,	program to convert temperature from Celsius to Fahi	



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Software Engineering

Dat	(Common for CSM & AIM) te: 26.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
Date	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary PART-A Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory	y)
	Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
l. W	hat are the levels of CMMI?	2 1
2. Li	st and explain layers of software engineering.	2 1
. De	efine interface specification.	2 N
l. Di	scuss Requirements management.	2 N
i. Oı	utline the design model.	2 N
6. Di	stinguish sequence and collaboration diagrams.	2 N
7. De	efine White-box testing.	2 N
3. W	hat is validation testing?	2 N
e. Te	ell observations on estimation.	2 N
0. De	efine the SCM Repository.	2 N
	PART-B	
Ans	swer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	Explain process patterns and process assessment in detail.	10.
	OR	
l 1. B).	Discuss Agile process models.	103
2. A).	Discuss Requirements engineering process in detail.	10
	OR	
2. B).	Elaborate context models with examples.	10
3. A).	Draw and explain various Architectural design styles and patterns.	10
	OR	
3. B).	Construct a class diagram for student information system.	101
4. A).	Discuss various test strategies for conventional software.	101
	OR	
4. B).	What are the metrics for Testing and Maintenance? Explain.	101
5. A).	Demonstrate the Project planning process.	101
,	OR	
5. B).	Explain the following	101



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS) Transinations June/July-2024

	ourse Name: Artificial Intelligence and Applications (CSM)	
Da	te: 28.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary PART-A	ary)
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulso	ory)
	Each question carries TWO marks.	
l. D	vistinguish BFS and DFS.	2 M
2. W	Why is it called alpha beta pruning?	2 M
3. S1	tate the elements of propositional logic.	2 M
l. L	ist the types of knowledge in AI.	2 M
5. W	Vhat do you mean by bayesian rule?	2 M
5. D	differentiate conditional probability and unconditional probability.	2 M
7. S1	tate the different forms of learning.	2 M
3. W	Vhat is analogy in AI?	2 M
). W	What are the different types of language model in NLP?	2 M
0. L	ist the examples of expert system.	2 M
	PART-B	
An	swer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	i) Discuss different types of agents based on degree of p capability.	perceived intelligence and 5M
	ii) Discuss current trends in Artificial Intelligence.	5N
	OR	
l 1. B).	Compare uniformed search strategies. Explain how to minimi algorithm.	ze the total cost using A* 10M
12. A),	Consider the following sentences: John like all kinds of food Apples are food Chicken is food Anything anyone eats and isn't killed is food Bill eats peanuts and still alive	10N
	Sue eats everything Bill eats	
	Translate these sentences into formulae in predicate logic.	
	OR	

12. B). i) What is propositional logic? How knowledge is represented by propositional logic.

ii) Construct semantic net representation for the following

Mary gave the green flowered vase to her favorite cousin.

(P.T.O..)

5M

5M

13. A).	Describe in detail about Dempster -Shafer theory.	10M
	OR	
13. B).	What is probabilistic reasoning? How probability can be determined with uncertain knowledge? Discuss.	10M
14. A).	Express your views about rote learning.	10M
	OR	
14. B).	Discuss the different phases of explanation based learning.	10M
15. A).	What is Expert System? Explain its architecture, features & applications in brief.	10M
	OR	
15. B).	Discuss the difficulties in developing expert systems.	10M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Computer Vision

(CSM)

	Date: 01.07.2024 FN Time: 3 hours	Max.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	Explicate how do you build a computer vision system.	2 M
2.	Justify how an image can be reconstructed from a series of projections?	2 M
3.	Define about neighbors of a pixel.	2 M
4.	Compare RGB color model and CMY color model.	2 M
5.	Write about Thinning and Skeletons.	2 M
6.	What is a threshold value? In how many ways we can set the value?	2 M
7.	Illustrate Mean-shift tracking.	2 M
8.	What is Texture Descriptor?	2 M
9.	List the algorithms which are used in Face detection.	2 M
10.	Define dataset? How can we recognize large datasets?	2 M
	PART-B	. 10
	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A		10M
	OR	
11. I	B). Explain Camera calibration with an example.	10M
12. /	A). Briefly explain the following:	10M
	i) Spatial filtering ii) Frequency domain filtering	
	OR	
12. I	B). Define Histogram? Explain Histogram equalization with example.	10M
13. /	A). Explain with examples morphological operations dilation and erosion. OR	10M
13. I	B). Illustrate Region growing algorithm with suitable example.	10M
14. <i>A</i>	A). Define Feature extraction and Demonstrate Localized feature extraction OR	. 10M
14. I	B). Describe Hough Transformation.	10M
15. <i>A</i>	A). Demonstrate Adaboost approaches in object modeling & Detection. OR	10M
15. E		10M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

D	(CSM) Date: 10.07.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Max	.Marks: 70
<u>D</u>	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	iviai ks. 70
	PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1. I	Define Finite Automata.	2 N
	What are the fundamental concepts of strings and alphabet? How are they defined with context of formal languages and automata theory?	in the 2 N
3. I	Describe Closure Properties of Regular sets.	2 N
4. V	What is meant by pumping lemma?	2 N
5. I	Define Ambiguity in CFG with example.	2 N
5. V	What is a parse tree?	2 N
7. V	What is CNF?	2 N
	Explain the concept of the pumping lemma for context-free grammars (CFG) in follanguage theory.	formal 2 N
9. Y	What is a Turing machine?	2 N
10. V	What is undesirability in automata?	2 N
A	Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	 i) Construct NFA with ε which accepts a language consisting the strings of any no. followed by any no. of 1's followed by any no. of 2's. And also convert into NFA w ε. 	
	ii) Construct a DFA for the language over {0, 1}* such that it contains "000" substring.	'as a 5]
	OR	
11. B)	0101	string 5]
	ii) Construct NFA with ε transition for the following expression $0* + 11$	51
12. A)). How does the process of minimization in Finite State Machines (FSMs) work. Exwith suitable Example.	xplain 101
	OR	
12. B)	 Provide an example of a regular language and demonstrate how the Pumping Lemm be applied to show that it is indeed a regular language. 	na can 101
13. A)). i) Design Push Down Automata for $L = \{a^{2n} b^n n \ge 1\}$	51
)	ii) Construct the equivalent grammar for the PDA M=($\{q0,q1\}$, $\{0,1\}$, $\{R,Z0\}$, δ , q Φ) and δ is given by $\delta(q0,0,Z0)$ =($q0,RZ0$) $\delta(q0,0,R)$ =($q0,RR$) $\delta(q0,1,R)$ =($q0,RR$)	0, Z0, 51
	$\delta(q1,1,R) = (q1,R) \ \delta(q1,0,R) = (q1,\varepsilon) \ \delta(q1,\varepsilon,Z0) = (q1,\varepsilon)$	T.O)
	(1.	

13. B).	i) Define Context free grammar and write context free grammar for the language L={a^i b^j c^k i+j=k,i\geq0,j\geq0}}	5M
	ii) Define ambiguous Grammar. Prove that the following grammar is Ambiguous. S→aS aSbS ε	5M
14. A).	i) Eliminate Null, unit and useless production from the following grammar S→AaA CA BaB A→aaBa CDA aa DC B→bB bAB bb aS	5M
	C→Ca bC D D→bD ε ii) Convert the following grammar to Greibach Normal Form	5M
	S \rightarrow ABA AB BA AA B A \rightarrow aA a B \rightarrow bB b	3141
	OR	
14. B).	Convert the following CFG to CNF $S \rightarrow ASB \epsilon$ $A \rightarrow aAS a$ $B \rightarrow SbS A bb$	10M
15. A),	Construct a Turing machine that computes the factorial of a given non-negative integer input. Explain the algorithm used, including state transitions and tape modifications.	10M
	OR	
15. B).	i) Design a TM to recognize the language L= $\{0^n 1^n 0^n n \ge 1\}$	5M
	ii) What are undecidable problems? Explain with example.	5M



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

	Date: 28.06.2024 FN	(CSD) ime: 3 hours	Max.Marl	ks: 70
		suitable data if necessary) PART-A	manifal l	15.5 / U
		N questions (Compulsory) n carries TWO marks.	10x2	=20M
1.	What is the purpose of datafication?			2 M
2.	What is Data Science?			2 M
3.	Define different types of Attributes.			2 N
4.	Define Discrete attributes.			2 M
5.	Define Data Frame.		22	2 M
6.	Define Transpose of a matrix.			2 M
7.	List out some built-in functions.		8	2 M
8.	What are the logical operators in R			2 M
9.	Define Data Visualization			2 M
10.	What is Wavelet Transforms?			2 M
		PART-B		
<u> </u>	Answer the following. Each question carrie	es TEN Marks.	5x10=	=50M
11.A)	a). Describes the over fitting and under fitting	ng models with example. OR		10M
11. B	i) Explain probability distribution with eii) Difference between Big data and Data	•		5N 5N
12. A	i) Explain Graphic Displays of Data withii) Illustrate in detail the data types of R.	example.	É	5M 5M
		OR	5.0	
12. B	B). Explain measuring the central tendency t	sing Mean, Median and Mode.		10M
13. A	a). Show how to code R program to create a and display the details.	Data frame which contain details of 5	employees	10M
		OR		
13. B)). Explain How accessing List elements wit	h example.		10M
14. A)). Explain the Conditional Statements with	example. OR		10M
14. B)). Explain the types of loops in R programn	ning with example.		10M
15. A)). Explain how to Calculate Log-Linear Reg	gression with suitable example in R. OR	©.	10M
15. B)). Explain the complex data visualization.			10M
			8.5.5	



(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

1	Date: 01.07.2024 FN	(CSD) Time: 3 hours Max.Mar	·ke• 70
		ote: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	KS: /U
	Aı	iswer all TEN questions (Compulsory)	
		Each question carries TWO marks. 10x2	2=20M
	List the types of Data.		2 N
	Define Classification.		2 M
	Define correlation analysis in c		2 N
	What is Constraint-based assoc	iation mining?	2 M
	Define Decision Tree.		2 M
	What is a Lazy learner in Data		2 M
7.	What is the significance of Clus	ster Analysis in Data Mining?	2 M
	Define Outlier Analysis.		2 M
	Define Multimedia Data Minin	g.	2 M
10.	What is Time series data?		2 M
<u>A</u>	nswer the following. Each qu	PART-B estion carries TEN Marks. 5x10=	=50M
11.A).	Explain the major function discovery.	alities of data mining and how they contribute to knowledge	10M
		OR	
11. B).	Describe the data pre-proces	sing stage in data mining.	10M
12. A).		ciation rule mining and its significance in data mining with an	10M
		OR	
12. B).	What is sequential pattern patterns and the applications	mining (SPM)? Describe the process of mining sequential of SPM in real-world scenarios.	10M
3. A).		vesian inference and how they are applied to classify data. OR	10M
(3. B).	significance and applications		10M
4. A).	Discuss the challenges and co	onsiderations associated with clustering different data types. OR	10M
4. B).	Differentiate between DBSC	AN and K-means and explain DBSCAN with an example.	10M
5. A).	Discuss the challenges and to streams.	echniques involved in mining continuous, high-volume data	10M
		OR	
5. B).	Explain web mining techniqu web usage mining.	es, including web content mining, web structure mining, and	10M

		•
	H.T No: R18 Course Code	:: A37201
	CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS) B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024 Course Name: Finite Automata & Compiler Design	
	(AID) Date: 26.06.2024 FN Time: 3 hours Ma	x.Marks: 70
	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary)	A.IVIAIRS. /U
	PART-A	
	Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	Classify the two types of Finite Automata.	2 M
2.	Find the language generated by the following grammar: $S \rightarrow aSb \mid ab$	2 M
3.	Check whether the given grammar G is ambiguous or not for the string w= id + id − id E → E+E E → E-E E → id	2 M
4.	Differentiate between S-attributed and L-attributed grammars.	2 M
5.	Define type conversion with an example.	2 M
6.	Compare function overloading and operator overloading	2 M
7.	Mention the fields in an Activation record	2 M
8.	List the characteristics of peephole optimization.	2 M
9.	Define Dead-code elimination. Give an example.	2 M
10.	Construct a DAG for the expression:	2 M
	a = b * -c + b * -c	
	PART-B Answer the following. Each question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.	A). Write the steps for minimization of DFA and explain with an example. OR	10M
11.	 B). Construct a predictive parsing table for the following grammar: S → iEtS iEtSeS a E → b 	10M
12.	A). Construct a LALR parsing table for the following grammar	10M
	$s \rightarrow cc$	
	$C \rightarrow cC$	
	C→ d OR	
12.		10M
~ ~ . .	i) 3-address code	10171
	ii) Quadruples	
	iii) Triples	
	iv) Indirect Triples	

(P.T.O..)

13. A).	Compare the Chomsky hierarchy of languages and recognizers with examples.	10M
	OR	
13. B).	Examine the need for type checking and equivalence of type expressions with examples.	10M
14. A).	Compare the different types of storage allocation strategies with examples.	10M
	OR	
14. B).	Illustrate the construction of basic blocks from a 3-address code and flow graph construction for it with an example.	10M
15. A).	Identify and examine the various issues in the design of a code generator.	10M
	OR	
15. B).	Analyze the various algorithms used for generating code from DAG with examples.	10M
	als also also also also	

H.T No: R18 Course Code: A36601



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

(UGC AUTONOMOUS)

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

Course Name: Machine Learning

	Course Name: Machine	, -	Т
	Date: 28.06.2024 FN	(Common for AID & AIM) Time: 3 hours	Mr. Nor v. wo
•	-	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	Max.Marks: 70
		Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	What is Machine Learning		2 M
2.	What is regression?		2 M
3.	Write about maximum likel	ihood estimation.	2 M
4. ~	What is Bias and variance?		2 M
	Define clustering.		2 M
6.	What is the need of dimensi	onality reduction?	2 M
	What is decision tree?		2 M
	What is information gain?		2 M
	Brief about perceptron.		2 M
10.	What is bagging?		2 M
A	noway the fell to Tox	PART-B	4
A	nswer the following. Each	question carries TEN Marks.	5x10=50M
11.A).	List and explain various	applications of machine Learning.	10M
11.70		OR	
11. B).		ons of supervised machine learning algorithm.	10M
12. A).	Explain about Bayesian c	lassification algorithm with suitable example.	10M
12 D)	Poul 1 1 crops	OR	
12. B).	1 and and the first tangon		10M
		omponent Analysis in dimensionality reduction. OR	10M
13. B).	Describe hierarchical clus	tering with suitable example.	10M
14. A).	Compare and contrast Uni	variate trees and Multivariate trees. OR	10M
14. B).	Explain about Linear discr	imination techniques that are used in the decision trees.	10M
15. A).		ron? Explain the procedure for training the perceptron. OR	10M
15. B).	i) Write differences between	en Bagging and Boosting.	ENA
	ii) Explain the training of a	Boosting Algorithm for classification problem. *****	5M 5M



CMR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY (UGC AUTONOMOUS)

Course Code: A36714

B.Tech V Semester Supplementary Examinations June/July-2024

	Date: 01.07.2024 FN	(AID) Time: 3 hours	Maul 50
\ -	P	(Note: Assume suitable data if necessary) PART-A	.Marks: 70
		Answer all TEN questions (Compulsory) Each question carries TWO marks.	10x2=20M
1.	Give few examples of stati	istical learning problems.	2 14
2.	Define Linear Regression.	,	2 M 2 M
3.	Define Bias and Variance.		2 M
4.	How can we apply the boo	tstrap to estimate prediction error?	2 M
5.	Write short notes on Addit	ive Models.	2 M
6.	Give examples for Additive	e Logistic Regression.	2 M
7.	List issues in training Neur	al Networks.	2 M
	Define reproducing kernals		
9. I	Define Random Forests.		2 M
10. I	Define Agglomerative Clus	stering.	2 M
		-	2 M
A			5x10=50M
11.A).		Logistic Regression (ii) Linear discriminant analysis. OR	10M
11. B).	Write short notes on For	ward and Backward stepwise regression.	10M
12. A).	Explain The Bias-Varia	nce trade off with a suitable example. OR	10M
12. B).	Write Boot strap method	ls with example.	10M
13. A).	Explain with an example	of spam data using different loss functions. OR	10M
13. B).		of New Zealand Fish using different loss functions.	10M
14. A).	Compute SVM for Class	ification and as a Penalization Method. OR	10M
14. B).	Explain k-Nearest-Neigh	bors and Image Scene Classification example in detail.	
15. A).	Explain about Principal c		10M
		OR	10M
15. B).	Fit a series of random-fo parameter m. Plot both the range of values for m.	rest classifiers to the spam data, to explore the sensitivity to the OOB error as well as the test error against a suitably chosen	the 10M